



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| (51) International Patent Classification ⁷ : A61K 48/00 | | (11) International Publication Number: WO 00/25827 |
| | | (43) International Publication Date: 11 May 2000 (11.05.00) |
| <p>(21) International Application Number: PCT/EP99/07874</p> <p>(22) International Filing Date: 18 October 1999 (18.10.99)</p> <p>(30) Priority Data: MI98A002330 30 October 1998 (30.10.98) IT</p> <p>(71) Applicant (<i>for all designated States except US</i>): MENARINI RICERCHE S.P.A. [IT/IT]; Via Tito Speri, 10, I-00040 Pomezia (IT).</p> <p>(72) Inventors; and</p> <p>(75) Inventors/Applicants (<i>for US only</i>): PARENTE, Dino [IT/IT]; (IT). DI MASSIMO, Anna, Maria [IT/IT]; (IT). DE SANTIS, Rita [IT/IT]; Via Rismundo, I-50131 Firenze (IT).</p> <p>(74) Agent: MINOJA, Fabrizio; Bianchetti Bracco Minoja Srl, Via Rossini, 8, I-20122 Milano (IT).</p> | | |
| <p>(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).</p> <p>Published <i>Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.</i></p> | | |
| <p>(54) Title: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION, CONTAINING FRAGMENTS OF AN ANTIGENIC PROTEIN ENCODING DNA ENDOWED WITH ANTI-TUMOR EFFECT</p> <p>(57) Abstract</p> <p>Provided herein is a pharmaceutical composition containing one or more DNA molecules encoding fragments of a protein overexpressed in tumor cells, in order to induce an anti-tumor Ag-specific immune response, in association with suitable excipients and adjuvants.</p> | | |

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

| | | | | | | | |
|----|--------------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|---|----|--------------------------|
| AL | Albania | ES | Spain | LS | Lesotho | SI | Slovenia |
| AM | Armenia | FI | Finland | LT | Lithuania | SK | Slovakia |
| AT | Austria | FR | France | LU | Luxembourg | SN | Senegal |
| AU | Australia | GA | Gabon | LV | Latvia | SZ | Swaziland |
| AZ | Azerbaijan | GB | United Kingdom | MC | Monaco | TD | Chad |
| BA | Bosnia and Herzegovina | GE | Georgia | MD | Republic of Moldova | TG | Togo |
| BB | Barbados | GH | Ghana | MG | Madagascar | TJ | Tajikistan |
| BE | Belgium | GN | Guinea | MK | The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia | TM | Turkmenistan |
| BF | Burkina Faso | GR | Greece | | | TR | Turkey |
| BG | Bulgaria | HU | Hungary | ML | Mali | TT | Trinidad and Tobago |
| BJ | Benin | IE | Ireland | MN | Mongolia | UA | Ukraine |
| BR | Brazil | IL | Israel | MR | Mauritania | UG | Uganda |
| BY | Belarus | IS | Iceland | MW | Malawi | US | United States of America |
| CA | Canada | IT | Italy | MX | Mexico | UZ | Uzbekistan |
| CF | Central African Republic | JP | Japan | NE | Niger | VN | Viet Nam |
| CG | Congo | KE | Kenya | NL | Netherlands | YU | Yugoslavia |
| CH | Switzerland | KG | Kyrgyzstan | NO | Norway | ZW | Zimbabwe |
| CI | Côte d'Ivoire | KP | Democratic People's Republic of Korea | NZ | New Zealand | | |
| CM | Cameroon | | | PL | Poland | | |
| CN | China | KR | Republic of Korea | PT | Portugal | | |
| CU | Cuba | KZ | Kazakhstan | RO | Romania | | |
| CZ | Czech Republic | LC | Saint Lucia | RU | Russian Federation | | |
| DE | Germany | LI | Liechtenstein | SD | Sudan | | |
| DK | Denmark | LK | Sri Lanka | SE | Sweden | | |
| EE | Estonia | LR | Liberia | SG | Singapore | | |

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION, CONTAINING FRAGMENTS OF AN ANTIGENIC PROTEIN ENCODING DNA ENDOWED WITH ANTI-TUMOR EFFECT.

Field of the invention

5 The invention relates to a pool of DNA plasmid constructs containing the sequences of human MUC-1 encoding fragments and to a pool of DNA plasmids in which the fragments themselves are preceded by the sequence encoding a protein consisting of human ubiquitin fused to a bacterial LacI fragment. The invention 10 further relates to their use in the preparation of pharmaceutical compositions for use as DNA anti-tumor vaccines.

Background art

The invention provides an anti-tumor therapy based on the induction or activation of the immune response able to bring 15 about tumor rejection. The validity of such an idea is demonstrated from the first clinical results; for example, patients treated with a viral vaccine containing the Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) encoding sequences demonstrated immune system activation against this antigen (Tsang KY et al. 20 J. Natl. Cancer. Inst. 87: 982, 1995).

The activation of an immune anti-tumor response is achievable through four different approaches:

a) *Ex vivo* engineering of patient tumor cells in order to make them more immunogenic and suitable as a vaccine;

25 b) *Ex vivo* engineering of patient immune cells in order to pre-activate an *in vitro* immune response.

c) Inoculation of naked or liposome capsulated or viral particle integrated (retrovirus, vaccinia virus, adenovirus, etc.) DNA encoding tumor associated antigens;

30 d) Treatment with recombinant or synthetic soluble tumor antigens conjugated or mixed with adjuvants.

The first two approaches consist of the engineering of every single patient cell and are limited in that they are necessarily patient-specific, while the latter two are aimed to

obtain products comparable to a traditional drug.

The new vaccination methods reflect the development of new technologies. The recent indications coming from the experimentation on DNA naked vaccines that induce either a 5 persistent antibody or a cell immune response, make the traditional protein subunit vaccines constituted of certain specific peptides, inducing a lymphocyte population, obsolete. Intramuscularly or intradermically injected proteins, encoded by naked DNA, induce a cytotoxic-specific response as well as a 10 helper response. This powerful combination is extremely effective but the underlying mechanism is not completely clarified yet. Muscle cells express class I MHC antigens at low levels only, and do not apparently express class II antigens or co-stimulatory molecules. Consequently, transfected muscle cells 15 are unlikely to play an important role in the onset of the immune response per se. Recent data show that Antigen Presenting Cells (APC), such as macrophages or dendritic cells, play a fundamental role in capturing the myocyte released antigen and in the subsequent processing and presenting of the respective 20 peptides in the context of the class I and II molecules, thus inducing a CD8+ cell activation with cytotoxic activity as well as activation of the CD4+ cells co-operating with B lymphocytes in eliciting the antibody response (*Corr M et al J. Exp. Med. 184:1555, 1996*) (*Tighe, H. et al. Immunology Today 19:89, 1998*). 25

Furthermore, the use of cytokines is known to improve the therapeutic effect deriving from immunization with DNA. Cytokines can be administered in the form of exogenous proteins as reported in *Irvine et al., J. Immunol. 156: 238, 1996*. An alternative approach is represented by the contemporaneous 30 inoculation of both the tumor antigen or the desired cytokine encoding plasmids, thus allowing the cytokine to be produced *in situ* (*Kim JJ et al. Immunol 158: 816, 1997*).

The active immunization approach of the present invention is based on the use of DNA vectors as vaccines against the MUC-1

human antigen or Polymorphic Epithelial Mucin (PEM), overexpressed in tumor cells. MUC-1 is an epithelial luminal surface glycoprotein (Patton S. et al. *BBA* 1241:407, 1995). In the cell transformation process this glycoprotein loses the apical localization and its expression level rises dramatically. The protein function consists of protecting the luminal surfaces, for example in the mammal gland, ovary, endometrium, colon, stomach, pancreas, bladder, kidney, etc. A glycosylation defect is reported that makes tumor cell associated MUC-1 antigenically different from normal cell associated MUC-1. This phenomenon causes tumor MUC-1 to expose the antigen epitopes that are normally masked by the sugar moieties in the normal cell expressed MUC-1. This characteristic makes tumor MUC-1 particularly interesting in an induction of a tumor specific antibody response (Apostolopoulos V. et al. *Crit. Rev. Immunol.* 14:293, 1994).

As an objective, the vaccination is aimed at inducing immune responses against tumor cells expressing MUC1 at high levels, preserving at the same time the low expressing normal epithelia. The DNA vaccination relies upon the entrance of a gene or portions thereof inside the body cells followed by transcription and translation of the inserted sequence and thus the intracellular synthesis of the corresponding polypeptide. An important advantage of this system is that the neo-synthesized protein is naturally processed inside the cell and the produced peptides are associated with the Major Histocompatibility Complex class I molecules (MHC-I). The MHC/peptide complexes are therefore naturally exported to the cell surface where they can be recognized by the immune system CD8+ cytotoxic cells. Only the polypeptides synthesized inside the cell are then processed and presented in association with the MHC class I molecules, thus making it the only mechanism to stimulate, a specific cytotoxic response. Vaccination systems based on protein or peptide administration are usually more effective in stimulating

the antibody immune response which, to date, has been shown to be ineffective in rejecting tumor cells. Current gene therapy techniques rely upon DNA packaging in recombinant viral vectors (retrovirus and adenovirus). The naked DNA administration is 5 much more advantageous in terms of effectiveness and safety compared to viral vector therapies (*Kumar V and Sercarz E. Nature Med. 2: 857, 1996; McDonnel WM et al., New England J. of Med. 334: 42, 1996*). In fact naked DNA is unable either to duplicate or integrate in the host tissue DNA and does not 10 induce the immune response to viral proteins.

The use of the ubiquitin to enhance the neo-synthesized protein processing and thus cytotoxic lymphocyte induction was recently reported (*Rodriguez F. et al., J. Virology 71: 8497, 1997*). The use of ubiquitin in order to generate proteins with 15 an N-terminal amino acid, making them unstable and thus prone to enhanced degradation, had been previously reported (*Bechmair A. et al., SCIENCE 234: 179, 1986*). The higher instability of these proteins was subsequently related to enhanced intracellular processing and presentation of model proteins by MHC-1 (*Grant E P et al., J. Immunol. 155: 3750, 1995*) (*Wu Y and Kipps T.J., J. Immunol. 159: 6037, 1997*).

The use of single constructs containing partial antigen 25 encoding DNA fragments (influenza virus nucleoprotein), having a higher antigenic presentation efficiency compared to the analogues with the whole antigenic sequence, in DNA vaccination was reported (*Anton L. C. et al., J. Immunol. 158: 2535, 1997*). Furthermore the processing of intracellular proteins and 30 presentation of the respective peptides by MHC class I proteins in physiologic conditions, underlie the mechanism of immunological surveillance. For a given protein and a specific MHC context, there are peptide fragments termed dominants (i. e. prevailing on subdominants or cryptics), which are unable to generate any immune response because they are recognized as "self". It has now been outlined, according to an aspect of the

present invention, that an approach aimed at supporting the non-dominant epitope presentation by the administration of a mix of antigen protein fragments is able to elicit a surprising cytotoxic immune response.

5 Description of the invention

It has now been found that DNA molecules, encoding fragments of a protein overexpressed in tumor cells, can be conveniently used to induce an antigen-specific anti-tumor immune response.

10 The invention relates particularly to a pharmaceutical composition containing one or more DNA encoding Mucin (MUC-1) protein fragments.

15 The DNA used in the present invention can be plasmid or viral DNA, preferably plasmid DNA obtained employing the pMRS30 expression vector described in fig. 13.

The compositions according to the invention contain preferably at least two DNA fragments of the Mucin (MUC-1) or of another protein overexpressed in tumor cells.

20 The compositions according to the invention contain preferably at least four fragments, each ranging from 200 to about 700 nucleotides, each sequence being juxtaposed and possibly partially overlapping, from about 50 to about 150 nucleotides, at the 3' and/or 5' end of the adjacent one.

25 The DNA fragments according to the invention can be possibly preceded at the 5' end by a ubiquitin encoding DNA sequence and possibly also by a LacI portion of *Escherichia coli*.

30 The invention relates also to new DNA fragments and to the use of Mucin-1 fragments defined above in the medicine and anti-tumor vaccine preparation.

Description of the figures

Fig. 1

Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid sequence) inserted at the XbaI site of the pMRS166 expression

vector. This DNA includes the sequence corresponding to nucleotides 136-339 of the EMBL sequence J05581, preceded by the translation start codon, ATG and followed by the two translation stop codons, TGA and TAA. The encoded polypeptide thus includes a Metionin followed by the amino acids encoded by the 136-339 fragment of the EMBL sequence J05581.

Fig. 2

Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid sequence) inserted at the XbaI site of the pMRS30 expression vector to give the pMRS169 expression vector. This DNA includes the sequence corresponding to nucleotides 205-720 of the EMBL sequence J05581, preceded by the translation start codon, ATG and followed by two translation stop codons, TGA and TAA. The encoded polypeptide thus includes a Metionin followed by the amino acids encoded by the 205-720 fragment of the EMBL sequence J05581.

Fig. 3

Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid sequence) inserted at the XbaI site of the pMRS30 expression vector to give the pMRS168 expression vector. This DNA includes the sequence corresponding to nucleotides 631-1275 of the EMBL sequence J05581, preceded by the translation start codon, ATG and followed by two translation stop codons, TGA and TAA. The encoded polypeptide thus includes a Metionin followed by the amino acids encoded by the 631-1275 fragment of the EMBL sequence J05581.

Fig. 4

Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid sequence) inserted at the XbaI site of the pMRS30 expression vector to give the pMRS167 expression vector. This DNA includes the sequence corresponding to nucleotides 1222-1497 of the EMBL sequence J05581, preceded by the translation start codon, ATG and followed by two translation stop codons, TGA and TAA. The encoded polypeptide thus includes a Metionin followed by the

amino acids encoded by the 1222-1497 fragment of the EMBL sequence J05581.

Fig. 5

5 Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid sequence) inserted at the XbaI site of the pMRS30 expression vector to give the pMRS175 expression vector. This DNA includes the sequence corresponding to nucleotides 136-1497 of the EMBL sequence J05581, preceded by the translation start codon, ATG and followed by two translation stop codons, TGA and TAA. The 10 encoded polypeptide thus includes a Metionin followed by the amino acids encoded by the 136-1497 fragment of the EMBL sequence J05581.

Fig. 6

15 Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid sequence) termed UBILaci. The encoded polypeptide includes the Ubiquitin sequence fused to a partial sequence of the bacterial protein beta-galactosidase, as described in Chau V. et al. *Science* 243: 1576, 1989.

Fig. 7

20 Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid sequence) inserted at the XbaI site of the expression vector pMRS30 to give the pMRS171 expression vector. This DNA includes the sequence termed UBILaci (see fig. 6) fused to the sequence corresponding to nucleotides 136-339 of the EMBL sequence J05581 25 followed by two translation stop codons, TGA and TAA. The coded polypeptide thus includes the amino acid sequence reported in Fig. 6, fused to the sequence including the amino acids encoded by the fragment 136-339 of the EMBL sequence J05581.

Fig. 8

30 Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid sequence) inserted at the XbaI site of the pMRS30 expression vector to give the pMRS174 expression vector. This DNA includes the sequence termed UBILaci (see fig. 6) fused to the sequence partially corresponding to nucleotides 205-720 of the EMBL

sequence J05581 followed by two translation stop codons, TGA and TAA. The encoded polypeptide thus includes the amino acid sequence reported in Fig. 6, fused to the sequence including the amino acids encoded by the fragment 205-720 of the EMBL sequence 5 J05581.

Fig. 9

Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid sequence) inserted at the XbaI site of the pMRS30 expression vector to give the pMRS173 expression vector. This DNA includes 10 the sequence termed UBILacI (see fig. 6) fused to the sequence partially corresponding to nucleotides 631-1275 of the EMBL sequence J05581 followed by two translation stop codons, TGA and TAA. The encoded polypeptide thus includes the amino acid sequence reported in Fig. 6, fused to the sequence including the 15 amino acids encoded by the fragment 631-1275 of the EMBL sequence J05581.

Fig. 10

Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid sequence) inserted at the XbaI site of the pMRS30 expression 20 vector to give the pMRS172 expression vector. This DNA includes the sequence termed UBILacI (see fig. 6) fused to the sequence partially corresponding to nucleotides 1222-1497 of the EMBL sequence J05581 followed by two translation stop codons, TGA and TAA. The encoded polypeptide thus includes the amino acid 25 sequence reported in Fig. 6, fused to the sequence including the amino acids encoded by the fragment 1222-1497 of the EMBL sequence J05581.

Fig. 11

Nucleotide DNA sequence (with the respective amino acid 30 sequence) inserted at the XbaI site of the pMRS30 expression vector to give the pMRS176 expression vector. This DNA includes the sequence named UBILacI (see fig. 6) fused to the sequence partially corresponding to nucleotides 136-1497 of the EMBL sequence J05581 followed by two translation stop codons, TGA and

TAA. The encoded polypeptide thus includes the amino acid sequence reported in Fig. 6, fused to the sequence including the amino acids encoded by the fragment 136-1497 of the EMBL sequence J05581.

5 **Fig. 12**

Electrophoretic analysis on 1% agarose gel in 1X TBE. mRNA extracted from CHO, CD34+ dendritic cells and dendritic cells from PBMC, respectively, transfected with pMRS169, and subjected to RT-PCR reaction either with (lanes 4, 8, 12) or without (lanes 5, 9, 13) Reverse Transcriptase. Molecular weight DNA marker (lane 1); internal negative controls (lanes 2, 6); internal positive controls (lanes 3, 7, 10, 11); positive control from Promega kit (lane 14).

15 **Fig. 13**

Nucleotide sequence of the pMRS30 expression vector. The 1-2862 region corresponds to the AccI (location 504) - BamHI (location 3369) region of the pSV2CAT vector (EMBL M77788); the 2863-3721 region includes the human cytomegalovirus promoter (human cytomegalovirus major immediate-early gene enhancer); the 3722-4905 region includes several cloning sites, including XbaI (location 3727), and the processing signal of the rabbit beta-globin gene.

Detailed description of the invention

A DNA plasmid pool encoding, in eukaryotic cells, fragments of the MUC-1 human protein antigen was prepared. Constructs are based on the mammalian expression vector termed pMRS30, described in figure 13 and previously claimed in the Patent Application WO95/11982, and contain partial sequences of the MUC-1 cDNAs reported in the EMBL database with accession number J05581. MUC-1 encoding DNA was fragmented so that each fragment represents a discrete portion, partially overlapping to the adjacent ones. Administration of a mix of such plasmids can cause different plasmids to transfet different APC cells at the administration site. Therefore such cells produce and process

discrete portions of the MUC-1 protein giving the related peptides. In those conditions, the occurring subdominant and cryptic peptides can also be presented in association with class I MHC molecules thus generating a cytotoxic immune response.

5 The present invention thus relates to the use of a group of four constructs (Figures 1 to 4) containing MUC-1 cDNA partial fragments in admixture containing at least two of them and a group of four constructs (Figures 7 to 10) containing MUC-1 cDNA partial fragment preceded by the DNA encoding a protein sequence 10 containing Ubiquitin and an Escherichia coli Lac I portion (Figure 6) used separately or in admixture containing at least two of them.

15 The present invention relates also to the use of the construct (Figure 5) containing the almost complete sequence of the MUC-1 cDNA and the construct (Figure 11) containing the almost complete sequence of the MUC-1 cDNA preceded by the DNA encoding a protein sequence containing Ubiquitin and an Escherichia coli Lac I portion.

20 The mixture of the four constructs containing the partial fragments of the MUC-1 cDNA and the mixture of the four constructs containing the partial fragments of the MUC-1 cDNA preceded by the DNA encoding a protein sequence, containing Ubiquitin and an Escherichia coli Lac I portion, represents a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

25 Constructs according to the present invention can be used in the anti-tumor therapy of patient affected with tumors characterized by high MUC-1 expression.

Constructs described in the present invention were obtained as follows.

30 In the case of the first series of constructs, the fragments of the MUC-1 DNA were obtained by RT-PCR from BT20 cell line or by DNA partial chemical synthesis. Such fragments were then cloned into the pMRS30 expression vector and verified by sequencing.

In the case of the second series of constructs, the fragments were obtained from the first series of constructs by a PCR re-amplification. These fragments were then fused to the DNA encoding the Ubiquitin (obtained by RT-PCR from MCF7 cell line mRNA) and a partial lacI sequence (obtained by PCR from the commercial vector pGEX). DNA sequences thus obtained were then cloned in the pMRS30 expression vector and verified by sequencing. For the intended therapeutic or prophylactic uses, fragments or constructs according to the invention are suitably formulated, using carriers and methods previously employed in naked DNA vaccines, as described for example in The Immunologist, 1994, 2:1; WO 90/11092, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A., 1986, 83, 9551; US 5580859; Immunology today 19 (1998), 89-97; Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90 (1993), 11478-11482; Nat. Med. 3 (1997), 526-532; Vaccine 12 (1994), 1495-1498; DNA Cell. Biol. 12 (1993), 777-783. The dosages will be determined on the basis of clinical and pharmacological-toxicological trials. Generally speaking, they will be comprised between 0.005 µg/kg and 5 µg/kg of the fragment mix. The composition of the invention can also contain a cytokine or a cytokine encoding plasmid.

The invention will be further illustrated by means of the following examples.

Example 1. Plasmid pMRS166 construction.

BT20 tumor cells (ATCC HTB-19) were cultured in Eagles MEM supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum. Ten million cells were trypsinized, washed with PBS, and mRNA extracted.

An aliquot of this RNA was subjected to RT-PCR (reverse transcriptase-polymerase chain reaction) reaction in the presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

V11 (5' GATCTCTAGAATGACAGGTTCTGGTCATGCAAGC 3')

V4 (5' GATCTCTAGAAAGCTTATCAACCTGAAGCTGGTCCGTGGC 3')

The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the restriction enzyme XbaI, was cloned into the pMRS30 expression

vector, containing the human cytomegalovirus promoter and the beta-globin polyadenylation signal as claimed in the Patent WO9511982. The resulting pMRS166 vector contains a DNA fragment including the ATG codon, the sequence corresponding to the 5 nucleotides 136-339 of the EMBL sequence J05581, and two stop codons, TGA and TAA.

This fragment is reported in fig. 1.

Example 2. Plasmid pMRS169 construction.

An aliquot of the RNA obtained as reported in example 1 was 10 amplified by RT-PCR in the presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

V12 (5 GATCTCTAGAATGGTGCCCAGCTCTACTGAGAAGAATGC 3)

V15 (5 GGCGGTGGAGGCCGGGGCTGGCTTGT 3)

The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the 15 restriction enzymes SmaI and XbaI, was fused, by the SmaI restriction site, to a DNA fragment entirely synthetically constructed, and including a sequence partially corresponding to the nucleotides 457-720 of the EMBL sequence J05581 and two stop codons, TGA and TAA. The whole fragment was thus cloned in the 20 XbaI site of the pMRS30 expression vector. The resulting pMRS169 vector contains a DNA fragment including the ATG codon, the sequence partially corresponding to the nucleotides 205-720 of the EMBL sequence J05581, and two stop codons, TGA and TAA.

This fragment is reported in fig. 2.

25 **Example 3. Plasmid pMRS168 construction.**

An aliquot of the RNA obtained as reported in example 1 was amplified by RT-PCR in the presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

V13 (5 GATCTCTAGAATGGGCTCAGCTTCTACTCTGGTGCACAACGGC 3)

30 V8 (5 GATCTCTAGAAAGCTTATCACAAGGCAATGAGATAGACAATGGCC 3)

The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the restriction enzyme XbaI was cloned in the pMRS30 expression vector. The resulting pMRS168 vector contains a DNA fragment including the ATG codon, the sequence corresponding to the

nucleotides 631-1275 of the EMBL sequence J05581, and two stop codons, TGA and TAA.

This fragment is reported in fig. 3.

Example 4. Plasmid pMRS167 construction.

5 An aliquot of the RNA obtained as reported in example 1 was subjected to RT-PCR reaction in the presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

V14 (5 GATCTCTAGAATGCTGGTGCCTGGCTGTGTTCTGGTTGCGC 3)

V10 (5 GATCTCTAGAAAGCTTATCACAAAGTTGGCAGAAGTGGCTGC 3)

10 The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the restriction enzyme XbaI was cloned in the pMRS30 expression vector. The resulting pMRS167 vector contains a DNA fragment including the ATG codon, the sequence corresponding to the nucleotides 1222-1497 of the EMBL sequence J05581, and two stop codons, TGA and TAA.

15 This fragment is reported in fig. 4.

Example 5. Plasmid pMRS175 construction.

pMRS166, 169, 168, 167 plasmids were subjected to PCR reaction in the presence of the following nucleotide pairs:

20 V11 (see example 1)

V18 (5 AACCTGAAGCTGGTCCGTGGC 3) for pMRS166

V19 (5 GTGCCAGCTCTACTGAGAAGAAATGC 3)

V20 (5 GCTGGGAATTGAGAATGGAGTGCTCTTGC 3) for pMRS169

V21 (5 GGCTCAGCTTCTACTCTGGTGCACAAACGGC 3)

25 V22 (5 CAAGGCAATGAGATAGACAATGGCC 3) for pMRS168

V23 (5 CTGGTGCTGGTCTGTGTTCTGGTTGCG 3)

V10 (see example 4) for pMRS167

30 The four DNA fragments obtained in the respective PCR reactions were mixed in equimolar amounts and PCR reacted in the presence of the V11 and V10 oligonucleotides.

The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the XbaI restriction enzyme, was cloned in the pMRS30 expression vector. The resulting pMRS175 vector contains a DNA fragment including the ATG codon, the sequence partially corresponding to

the nucleotides 136-1497 of the EMBL sequence J05581 and two stop codons TGA and TAA.

This fragment is reported in fig. 5.

Example 6. Plasmid pMRS171 construction.

5 MCF7 tumor cells (ATCC HTB-22) were cultured in Eagles MEM supplemented with 10% fetal calf serum. Ten million cells were trypsinized, washed with PBS, and mRNA extracted.

An aliquot of this RNA was subjected to RT-PCR in the presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

10 UBIup (5GATCTCTAGAATGCAGATCTTCGTGAAGACCCTGACTGGT 3)

UBIdown

(5TCACCAGCGAGACGGGAAACAGCCATGCACCACTACCGTGCCTCCCACCTCTGAGACGGAGC
ACCAGG 3)

The reaction produces a DNA fragment termed fragment 1.

15 DNA from pGEX11T (Pharmacia) was subjected to PCR reaction in the presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

Laciup (5CCTCCGTCTCAGAGGTGGGAGGCACGGTAGTGGTGCATGGCTGTTGCC
GTCTCGCTGGTGAAAAG 3)

Lacidown (5GATCGGATCCTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGC 3)

20 This reaction gives a DNA fragment termed fragment 2.

The 1 and 2 DNA fragments, obtained in the respective PCR reactions, were mixed in equimolar amounts and subjected to PCR reaction in presence of the UBIup and Lacidown oligonucleotides.

25 The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the restriction enzymes XbaI and BamHI, was cloned into the pUC18 commercial plasmid. The resulting pMRS156 vector contains a DNA fragment including the sequence encoding the ubiquitin fused to the sequence encoding a bacterial beta-galactosidase portion. This fragment, termed UBILaci, is reported in fig. 6.

30 Plasmid pMRS166 DNA was subjected to a PCR reaction in presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

V3 (5GATCGGATCCACAGGTTCTGGTCATGCAAGC 3)

V4 (see Example 1)

The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the

restriction enzymes XbaI and BamHI, was fused, by ligation into the two BamHI sites, to the UBILacI fragment deriving from the pMRS156 plasmid. The resulting fragment was cloned into the pMRS30 expression vector. The resulting pMRS171 vector contains 5 a DNA fragment including the UBILacI sequence, the sequence corresponding to the 136-339 nucleotides of the EMBL sequence J05581 and two stop codons, TGA and TAA. This fragment is reported in fig. 7.

Example 7. Plasmid pMRS174 construction.

10 Plasmid pMRS169 DNA was subjected to PCR reaction in the presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

V5 (5GATCGGATCCGTGCCAGCTCTACTGAGAAGAATGC 3)

V6 (5GATCTCTAGAAAGCTTATCAGCTGGGAATTGAGAATGGAGTGCTCTTGC 3)

15 The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the restriction enzymes XbaI and BamHI, was fused, by ligation into the two BamHI sites, to the UBILacI fragment deriving from the pMRS156 plasmid. The resulting fragment was cloned into the pMRS30 expression vector. The resulting pMRS174 vector contains 20 a DNA fragment including the UBILacI sequence, the sequence corresponding to the 205-720 nucleotides of the EMBL sequence J05581, and two stop codons, TGA and TAA. This fragment is reported in fig. 8.

Example 8. Plasmid pMRS173 construction.

25 Plasmid pMRS168 DNA was subjected to PCR reaction in the presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

V7 (5GATCGGATCCGGCTCAGCTTCTACTCTGGTGCACAACGGC 3)

V8 (see example 3)

30 The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the restriction enzymes XbaI and BamHI, was fused, by ligation into the two BamHI sites, to the UBILacI fragment deriving from the pMRS156 plasmid. The resulting fragment was cloned into the pMRS30 expression vector. The resulting pMRS173 vector contains a DNA fragment including the UBILacI sequence, the sequence corresponding to the 631-1275 nucleotides of the EMBL sequence

J05581, and two stop codons, TGA and TAA. This fragment is reported in fig. 9.

Example 9. Plasmid pMRS172 construction.

Plasmid pMRS167 DNA was subjected to PCR reaction in the 5 presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

V9 (5 GATCGGATCCCTGGTGCTGGTCTGTGTTCTGGTTGC 3)

V10 (see example 4)

The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the 10 restriction enzymes XbaI and BamHI, was fused, by ligation into the two BamHI sites, to the UBILacI fragment deriving from pMRS156 plasmid. The resulting fragment was cloned into the pMRS30 expression vector. The resulting pMRS172 vector contains a DNA fragment including the UBILacI sequence, the sequence 15 corresponding to the 1222-1497 nucleotides of the EMBL sequence J05581, and two stop codons, TGA and TAA. This fragment is reported in fig. 10.

Example 10. Plasmid pMRS176 construction.

Plasmid pMRS167 DNA was subjected PCR reaction in the presence of the following synthetic oligonucleotides:

20 V3 (see example 6)

V10 (see example 4)

The produced DNA fragment, purified and digested with the 25 restriction enzymes XbaI and BamHI, was fused, by ligation into the two BamHI sites, to the UBILacI fragment deriving from pMRS156 plasmid. The resulting fragment was cloned into the pMRS30 expression vector. The resulting pMRS176 vector contains a DNA fragment including the UBILacI sequence, the sequence 30 corresponding to the 136-1497 nucleotides of the EMBL sequence J05581, and two stop codons, TGA and TAA. This fragment is reported in fig. 11.

Example 11. Eukaryotic cell transfection and testing for transcription.

CHO (Chinese Hamster Ovary) cells were cultured in alpha MEM supplemented with ribonucleotides and deoxyribonucleotides

at transfection time.

5 Dendritic cells were obtained from CD34+ hemopoietic precursors cultured in IMDM without serum, supplemented with GM-CSF, IL4, SCF, Flt3 and TNFalpha. After 7 days the obtained cell population was transfected.

Dendritic cells were obtained from monocytes isolated from PBMC (peripheral blood mononuclear cells), cultured in RPMI supplemented with FCS, GM-CSF, and IL-4. After 7 days the obtained cell population was transfected.

10 In each case, about one million cells were transfected with one of the plasmids reported in examples 1 to 10. Transfection was carried out using 3 µg of plasmid DNA and 4 µl of DMRIE (Gibco) by lipofection.

15 After 24 hours cells were harvested, washed with PBS and lysed in order to extract the mRNA.

A mRNA aliquot was subjected to RT-PCR reaction in the presence of the oligonucleotide pair specific for the transfected DNA plasmid.

20 This experiment was carried out for each plasmid reported in the examples 1 to 10, using the following oligonucleotide pairs: V11/V4 for pMRS166, V12/V6 for pMRS169, V13/V8 for pMRS168, V4/V10 for pMRS167, V4/V10 for pMRS175, UBIup/V4 for pMRS171, UBIup/V6 for pMRS174, UBIup/V8 for pMRS173, UBIup/V10 for pMRS172, V14/V10 for pMRS176.

25 As a representative example, figure 12 reports the electrophoretic analysis of the DNA fragments obtained by RT-PCR from the mRNA of the three cell populations, transfected with the pMRS169 plasmid. In this case the oligonucleotide pair V12/V6 was used.

30 **Example 12. *In vivo* study results.**

In the *in vivo* studies, the mixtures of the four fragments and the pMRS30 plasmid (vector without insert and thus used as a negative control) were used. In order to test the occurred immunization, an ELISA test was used to show the human mucin

specific antigens.

The *in vivo* studies were conducted using human MUC1 transgenic C57BL mice. As a consequence in these animals the MUC1 protein represents a self-protein. The employed vaccination schedule consists of 3 intradermic (dorsal portion, 50 micrograms DNA for each side) administrations (at days 0, 14, 28) of 100 micrograms plasmid DNA. At day 14 after the last administration, the animals were sacrificed and sera were tested for anti-human mucin antibodies.

10 The assayed fragment mixes, object of the present invention, stimulated a good immune response in the treated animals.

15 On the other hand, vaccination experiments with a 60-aminoacid peptide corresponding to the 20 aminoacids reported in fig. 2, from location 86 to location 105, repeated three times (this peptide is termed 3XTR), were also carried out.

20 The two vaccinations differ in the type of the elicited antibody response. The antibody titer results much more higher in the vaccination with 3XTR. Furthermore the noticed IgG subtypes are in favor of an essentially humoral (antibody) response in the case of vaccination with 3XTR, and of a cellular response (cytotoxic) in the case of vaccination with DNA. For anti-tumor therapy, a principally cytotoxic immune response is preferable. Because the experiments were carried out on 25 transgenic mice, in whom the human mucin is "self", we can foresee a similar response in humans. This response could justify the use, as DNA vaccines, of the compounds of the present invention in the treatment of MUC1 overexpressing human tumors.

CLAIMS

1. Pharmaceutical composition containing one or more DNA molecules, encoding fragments of a protein overexpressed in tumor cells in order to induce an antitumor Ag-specific immune response, in combination with suitable excipients and adjuvants.
- 5 2. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 wherein the overexpressed protein is MUC-1.
3. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 or 2 containing at least two DNA molecules each containing a cDNA sequence encoding a Mucin fragment (MUC-1).
- 10 4. Composition according to claim 3 containing at least three DNA molecules each containing a cDNA sequence encoding a Mucin fragment (MUC-1).
- 15 5. Composition according to claim 4 containing at least four DNA molecules each containing a cDNA sequence encoding a Mucin fragment (MUC-1).
6. Composition according to claims 3, 4 or 5 wherein the DNA sequences comprise about 200 to about 700 nucleotides, each sequence being contiguous and possibly partially overlapping, from about 50 to about 150 nucleotides at the 3' and/or 5' end, to the adjacent one.
- 20 7. Pharmaceutical composition according to any claim from 2 to 6 wherein the used mixture consists of, at least, two plasmid DNA molecules, each containing a DNA fragment selected from those whose sequences are described in figures 1, 2, 3, and 4.
- 25 8. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 7 wherein the used mixture consists of the pool of plasmid DNA molecules, where each molecule contains a DNA fragment selected from those whose sequences are described in figures 1, 2, 3, and 4.
- 30 9. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 1 or 2 wherein a plasmid DNA molecule containing the sequence described in figure 5 is used.
10. Pharmaceutical composition according to claims 7, 8, or 9

wherein the used plasmid DNA molecules derive from the fusion of the pMRS30 expression vector in Fig. 13 to each sequence described in figures 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.

11. Pharmaceutical composition according to claims 2 to 6
5 wherein the used sequences, corresponding to single fragments of the protein, are preceded in the 5' termini by the sequence described in Fig. 6 encoding the ubiquitin and a LacI portion from Escherichia Coli.

12. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 11 wherein the
10 mixture consists of one or more sequences deriving from joining the pMRS30 expression vector, described in Fig. 13, to a DNA sequence selected from those described in figures 7, 8, 9, and 10.

13. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 11 wherein the
15 mixture consists of the totality of the sequences deriving from joining the pMRS30 expression vector to a DNA sequence selected from those described in figures 7, 8, 9, and 10.

14. Pharmaceutical composition according to claim 11 wherein the
20 mixture consists of a sequence deriving from joining the pMRS30 expression vector to the sequence described in figure 11.

15. Pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding claims, further containing a cytokine or a cytokine encoding plasmid.

16. A plasmid DNA molecule consisting of the pMRS30 expression
25 vector joined to a DNA sequence, encoding a MUC-1 protein fragment and whose sequence is selected from the group of those described in figures 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

17. A DNA molecule encoding a protein MUC-1 fragment preceded in its 5' terminus by the sequence described in Fig. 6.

30 18. A DNA molecule according to claim 17 selected from those described in figures 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11.

19. A plasmid DNA molecule obtained by joining the pMRS expression vector to a DNA molecule selected from those of claim 17 or 18.

20. Use of DNA molecules of claims 16-19 in the preparation of a composition with anti-tumor effect.

Figure 1

1 ATGACAGGTTCTGGTCATGCAAGCTCTACCCCAGGTGGAGAAAAG
1► Met Thr Gl ySer Gl yHi sAl aSer Ser Thr ProGl yGl uLys
46 GAGACTTCGGCTACCCAGAGAAGTTCAAGTGCCAGCTCTACTGAG
16► Gl uThr Ser Al aThr Gl nArgSer Ser Val ProSer Ser Thr Gl u
91 AAGAATGCTGTGAGTATGACCAGCAGCGTACTCTCCAGGCCACAGC
31► LysAsnAl aVal Ser Met Thr Ser Ser Val LeuSer Ser Hi sSer
136 CCCGGTTCAAGGCTCCTCCACCACTCAGGGACAGGATGTCACTCTG
46► ProGl ySer Gl ySer Ser Thr Thr Gl nGl yGl nAspVal Thr Leu
181 GCCCCGGCCACGGAACCAGCTTCAGGTTGATAA
61► Al aProAl aThr Gl uProAl aSer Gl y •••••

Figure 2

1 ATGGTGCCCAGCTCTACTGAGAAGAATGCTGTGAGTATGACCAGC
1►Met Val Pro Ser Ser Thr Glu Lys Asn Ala Val Ser Met Thr Ser
46 AGCGTACTCTCCAGGCCACAGCCCCGGTTCAAGGCTCCTCCACCACT
16►Ser Val Leu Ser Ser His Ser Pro Glu Ser Glu Ser Thr Thr
91 CAGGGACAGGGATGTCACTCTGGCCCCGGCACCGGAACCAGCTTCA
31►Gln Glu Glu Asp Val Thr Leu Ala Pro Ala Thr Glu Pro Ala Ser
136 GGTCAGCTGCCACCTGGGACAGGATGTCACCTCGGTCCCAGTC
46►Glu Ser Ala Ala Thr Trp Glu Glu Asp Val Thr Ser Val Pro Val
181 ACCAGGCCAGCCCTGGGCTCCACCACCCGCCAGCCCACGATGTC
61►Thr Arg Pro Ala Leu Glu Ser Thr Thr Pro Pro Ala His Asp Val
226 ACCTCAGCCCCGGACAACAAGCCAGCCCCGGGAAGTACTGCTCCA
76►Thr Ser Ala Pro Asp Asn Lys Pro Ala Pro Glu Ser Thr Ala Pro
271 CCAGCACACGGTGTACCTCGGCTCCGGATACCAGGCCGGCCCCA
91►Pro Ala His Glu Val Thr Ser Ala Pro Asp Thr Arg Pro Ala Pro
316 GGTAGTACCGCCCCTCCTGCCCATGGTGTACATCTGCCCGGAC
106►Glu Ser Thr Ala Pro Pro Ala His Glu Val Thr Ser Ala Pro Asp
361 AACAGGCCTGCATTGGGTAGTACAGCACCGCCAGTACACAACGTT
121►Asn Arg Pro Ala Leu Glu Ser Thr Ala Pro Pro Val His Asn Val
406 ACTAGTGCCTCAGGCTCTGCTAGCGGCTCAGCTTCTACTCTGGTG
136►Thr Ser Ala Ser Glu Ser Ala Ser Glu Ser Ala Ser Thr Leu Val
451 CACAAACGGCACCTCTGCGCGCGACCAACCCAGCGAGCAAG
151►His Asn Glu Thr Ser Ala Arg Ala Thr Thr Pro Ala Ser Lys
496 AGCACTCCATTCTCAATTCCCAGCTGATAA
166►Ser Thr Pro Phe Ser Ile Pro Ser •••••

Figure 3

1 ATGGGCTCAGCTTCTACTCTGGTGCACAACGGCACCTCTGCCAGG
1► Met Gl ySer Al aSer Thr LeuVal HisAsnGl yThr Ser Al aArg
46 GCTACCACAACCCCAGCCAGCAAGAGCACTCCATTCTCAATTCCC
16► Al aThr Thr Thr ProAl aSer LysSer Thr ProPheSer IlePro
91 AGCCACCACACTCTGATACTCCTACCACCCCTGCCAGCCATAGCACC
31► Ser His His Ser AspThr ProThr Thr LeuAl aSer HisSer Thr
136 AAGACTGATGCCAGTAGCACTCACCATAGCACGGTACCTCCTCTC
46► LysThrAspAl aSer Ser Thr His His Ser Thr Val ProProLeu
181 ACCTCCTCCAATCACAGCACTCTCCCCAGTTGTCTACTGGGGTC
61► Thr Ser Ser Asn His Ser Thr Ser ProGl nLeuSer Thr Gl yVal
226 TCTTCTTTTCCTGTCTTCACATTCAAACCTCCAGTTAAT
76► Ser PhePhePheLeuSer PheHis IleSer AsnLeuGl nPheAsn
271 TCCTCTCTGGAAGATCCCAGCACCAGACTACTACCAAGAGCTGCAG
91► Ser Ser LeuGl uAspProSer ThrAspTyrTyrGl nGl uLeuGl n
316 AGAGACATTCTGAAATGTTTGCAGATTATAAACACAAGGGGGT
106► ArgAsp IleSer Gl uMet PheLeuGl n IleTyrLysGl nGl yGl y
361 TTTCTGGGCCTCTCCAATATTAAGTCAGGCCAGGATCTGGGTG
121► PheLeuGl yLeuSer Asn IleLysPheArgProGl ySer Val Val
406 GTACAATTGACTCTGGCCTTCCGAGAAGGTACCATCAATGTCCAC
136► Val Gl nLeuThr LeuAl aPheArgGl uGl yThr IleAsnVal His
451 GACGTGGAGACACAGTTCAATCAGTATAAACGGAAGCAGCCTCT
151► AspVal Gl uThr Gl nPheAsnGl nTyrLysThr Gl uAl aAl aSer
496 CGATATAACCTGACGATCTCAGACGTAGCGTGAGTGATGTGCCA
166► ArgTyrAsnLeuThr IleSer AspVal Ser Val Ser AspVal Pro
541 TTTCTTCTCTGCCAGTCAGCTGGGCTGGGTGCCAGGCTGGGC
181► PheProPheSer Al aGl nSer Gl yAl aGl yVal ProGl yTrpGl y
586 ATCGCGCTGCTGGTGGTCTGTGTTCTGGTTGCCGCTGGCATT
196► IleAl aLeuLeuVal LeuVal CysVal LeuVal Al aLeuAl aIle
631 GTCTATCTCATTGCCCTGTGATAA
211► Val TyrLeu IleAl aLeu•••••

4/19

Figure 4

1 ATGCTGGTGCTGGTCTGTGTTCTGGTGCCTGGCCATTGTCTAT
1►Met LeuVal LeuVal CysVal LeuVal IAlaLeuAlaAlaLeuVal Tyr
46 CTCATTGCCTTGGCTGTCTGTCAGTGCCGCCGAAAGAACTACGGG
16►LeuIleAlaLeuAlaVal CysGlynCysArgArgLysAsnTyrGly
91 CAGCTGGACATCTTCCAGCCCCGGATACCTACCATCCTATGAGC
31►GlynLeuAspIlePheProAlaArgAspThr TyrHisProMet Ser
136 GAGTACCCCCACCTACCACACCCATGGCGCTATGTGCCCTAGC
46►GlyuTyrProThr TyrHisThr HisGlyArgTyrVal ProProSer
181 AGTACCGATCGTAGCCCCCTATGAGAAGGTTCTGCAGGTAATGGT
61►Ser Thr Asp Arg Ser Pro Tyr GlyuLysVal Ser AlaGlyAsnGly
226 GGCAGCAGCCTCTCTTACACAAACCCAGCAGTGGCAGCCACTTCT
76►GlySer Ser LeuSer TyrThr Asn ProAlaVal IAlaAlaThr Ser
271 GCCAACTTGTGATAA
91►AlaAsnLeu•••••

Figure 5

1 ATGACAGGTTCTGGTCATGCAAGCTCTACCCCAGGTGGAGAAAAG
 1► Met Thr Gl ySer Gl yHi sAl aSer Ser Thr ProGl yGl yGl uLys
 46 GAGACTTCGGCTACCCAGAGAAGTTCAGTGCCCAGCTCTACTGAG
 16► Gl uThr Ser Al aThr Gl nArg Ser Ser Val ProSer Ser Thr Gl u
 91 AAGAATGCTGTGAGTATGACCAGCAGCGTACTCTCCAGGCCACAGC
 31► LysAsnAl aVal Ser Met Thr Ser Ser Val LeuSer Ser Hi sSer
 136 CCCGGTTCAAGGCTCCTCCACCCTCAGGGACAGGATGTCACTCTG
 46► ProGl ySer Gl ySer Ser Thr Thr Gl nGl yGl nAspVal Thr Leu
 181 GCCCCGGGCCACGGAACCAGCTTCAGGTTAGCTGCCACCTGGGGA
 61► Al aProAl aThr Gl uProAl aSer Gl ySer Al aAl aThr TrpGl y
 226 CAGGATGTCACCTCGGTCCCAGTCACCAGGCCAGCCCTGGGCTCC
 76► Gl nAspVal Thr Ser Val ProVal Thr ArgProAl aLeuGl ySer
 271 ACCACCCCCGCCAGCCCACGATGTCACCTCAGCCCCGGACAACAAG
 91► Thr Thr ProProAl aHi sAspVal Thr Ser Al aProAspAsnLys
 316 CCAGCCCCGGGAAGTACCGCTCCACCAGCACACGGTGTACCTCG
 106► ProAl aProGl ySer Thr Al aProProAl aHi sGl yVal Thr Ser
 361 GCTCCGGATACCAGGCCGGCCCCAGGTAGTACCGCCCCCTCCTGCC
 121► Al aProAspThr ArgProAl aProGl ySer Thr Al aProProAl a
 406 CATGGTGTACATCTGCCCGGACAACAGGCCTGCATTGGTAGT
 136► Hi sGl yVal Thr Ser Al aProAspAsnArgProAl aLeuGl ySer
 451 ACAGCACCGCCAGTACACAACGTTACTAGTGCCTCAGGCTCTGCT
 151► Thr Al aProProVal Hi sAsnVal Thr Ser Al aSer Gl ySer Al a
 496 AGCGGCTCAGTTCTACTCTGGTGCACAAACGGCACCTCTGCGCGC
 166► Ser Gl ySer Al aSer Thr LeuVal Hi sAsnGl yThr Ser Al aArg
 541 GCGACCACAACCCCCAGCGAGCAAGAGCACTCCATTCTCAATTCCC
 181► Al aThr Thr Thr ProAl aSer LysSer Thr ProPheSer IlePro
 586 AGCCACCACTCTGATACTCCTACCACCCCTGCCAGCCATAGCACC
 196► Ser Hi sHi sSer AspThr ProThr Thr LeuAl aSer Hi sSer Thr
 631 AAGACTGATGCCAGTAGCACTCACCATAGCACGGTACCTCCTCTC
 211► LysThrAspAl aSer Ser Thr Hi sHi sSer Thr Val ProProLeu
 676 ACCTCCTCCAATCACAGCACTCTCCCCAGTTGTACTGGGGTC
 226► Thr Ser Ser AsnHi sSer Thr Ser ProGl nLeuSer Thr Gl yVal
 721 TCTTTCTTTTCCTGTCTTTCACATTCAAACCTCCAGTTAAT
 241► Ser PhePhePheLeuSer PheHi s IleSer AsnLeuGl nPheAsn
 766 TCCTCTCTGGAAGATCCCAGCAGCGACTACTACCAAGAGCTGCAG
 256► Ser Ser LeuGl uAspProSer ThrAspTyrTyrGl nGl uLeuGl n
 811 AGAGACATTCTGAAATGTTTGCAGATTATAAACAAAGGGGGT
 271► ArgAsp IleSer Gl uMet PheLeuGl n IleTyrLysGl nGl yGl y
 856 TTTCTGGGCCTCTCCAATATTAAGTTAGGCCAGGATCTGTGGTG
 286► PheLeuGl yLeuSerAsn IleLysPheArgProGl ySer Val Val

(Continued) 1

6/19

Figure 5 (continued)

901 GTACAATTGACTCTGGCCTTCCGAGAAGGTACCATCAATGTCCAC
301► Val Glu Leu Thr Leu Ala Phe Arg Glu Glu Thr Ile Asn Val His
946 GACGTGGAGACACAGTTCAATCAGTATAAAACGGAAGCAGCCTCT
316► Asp Val Glu Thr Glu Phe Asn Glu Tyr Lys Thr Glu Ala Ala Ser
991 CGATATAACCTGACGATCTCAGACGTCAGCGTGAGTGATGTGCCA
331► Arg Tyr Asn Leu Thr Ile Ser Asp Val Ser Val Ser Asp Val Pro
1036 TTTCCCTTCTCTGCCAGTCTGGGCTGGGTGCCAGGCTGGGC
346► Phe Pro Phe Ser Ala Glu Ser Glu Val Glu Val Pro Glu Tyr Pro Glu
1081 ATCGCGCTGCTGGTCTGGTCTGTGTTCTGGTTGCGCTGGCCATT
361► Ile Ala Leu Leu Val Leu Val Cys Val Leu Val Ala Leu Ala Ile
1126 GTCTATCTCATTGCCTTGGCTGTCTGTCAGTGCCGCCGAAAGAAC
376► Val Tyr Leu Ile Ala Leu Ala Val Cys Glu Cys Arg Arg Lys Asn
1171 TACGGGCAGCTGGACATCTTCCAGCCCCGGGATACCTACCACCT
391► Tyr Glu Glu Leu Asp Ile Phe Pro Ala Arg Asp Thr Tyr His Pro
1216 ATGAGCGAGTACCCCACCTACCACACCCATGGCGCTATGTGCC
406► Met Ser Glu Tyr Pro Thr Tyr His Thr His Glu Arg Tyr Val Pro
1261 CCTAGCAGTACCGATCGTAGCCCTATGAGAAGGTTCTGCAGGT
421► Pro Ser Ser Thr Asp Arg Ser Pro Tyr Glu Lys Val Ser Ala Glu
1306 AATGGTGGCAGCAGCCTCTTACACAAACCCAGCAGTGGCAGCC
436► Asn Glu Glu Ser Ser Leu Ser Tyr Thr Asn Pro Ala Val Ala Ala
1351 ACTTCTGCCAACCTTGATAA
451► Thr Ser Ala Asn Leu • • • •

7/19

Figure 6

1 ATGCAGATCTCGTGAAGACCCCTGACTGGTAAGACCATCACTCTC
1►Met Gl n I I ePheVal LysThr LeuThr Gl yLysThr I I eThr Leu
46 GAAGTGGAGCCGAGTGACACCATTGAGAATGTCAAGGCAAAGATC
16►Gl uVal Gl uProSerAspThr I I eGl uAsnVal LysAl aLys I I e
91 CAAGACAAAGGAAGGCATCCCTCCTGACCAGCAGAGGCTCATCTT
31►Gl nAspLysGl uGl y I I eProProAspGl nGl nArgLeu I I ePhe
136 GCAGGCAAGCAGCTGGAAGATGGCCGCACTCTTCTGACTACAAC
46►Al aGl yLysGl nLeuGl uAspGl yA rgThr LeuSerAspTyrAsn
181 ATCCAGAAAGAGTCCACCCTGCACCTGGTGCCTCGTCTCAGAGGT
61►I I eGl nLysGl uSer Thr LeuHi sLeuVal LeuArgLeuArgGl y
226 GGGAGGCACGGTAGTGGTGCATGGCTGTTGCCGTCTCGCTGGTG
76►Gl yA rgHi sGl ySer Gl yAl aTrpLeuLeuProVal Ser LeuVal
271 AAAAGAAAAACCACCCCTGGCGCCCAATACGCAAACCGCCTCTCCC
91►LysArgLysThr Thr LeuAl aProAsnThr Gl nThr Al aSer Pro
316 CGCGCGTTGGCCGATTCAATTAGCAGCTGGCACGACAGGTTCC
106►A rgAl aLeuAl aAspSer LeuMet Gl nLeuAl aArgGl nVal Ser
361 CGAGGATCC
121►A rgGl ySer

8/19

Figure 7

1 ATGCAGATCTCGTGAAGACCCTGACTGGTAAGACCACACTCTC
1► Met Gl n l l e Phe Val Lys Thr Leu Thr Gl y Lys Thr l l e Thr Leu
46 GAAGTGGAGCCGAGTGACACCATTGAGAATGTCAAGGCAAAGATC
16► Gl u Val Gl u Pro Ser Asp Thr l l e Gl u Asn Val Lys Al a Lys l l e
91 CAAGACAAGGAAGGCATCCCTCCTGACCAGCAGAGGCTCATCTT
31► Gl n Asp Lys Gl u Gl y l l e Pro Pro Asp Gl n Gl n Arg Leu l l e Phe
136 GCAGGCAAGCAGCTGGAAGATGGCCGCACTCTTCTGACTACAAC
46► Al a Gl y Lys Gl n Leu Gl u Asp Gl y A rg Thr Leu Ser Asp Tyr Asn
181 ATCCAGAAAGACTCCACCCCTGCACCTGGTGCTCCGTCTCAGAGGT
61► l l e Gl n Lys Gl u Ser Thr Leu His Leu Val Leu Arg Leu Arg Gl y
226 GGGAGGCACGGTAGTGGTGCATGGCTGTTGCCCGTCTCGCTGGTG
76► Gl y A rg His Gl y Ser Gl y Al a Trp Leu Leu Pro Val Ser Leu Val
271 AAAAGAAAAACCACCCCTGGCGCCCAATACGCAAACCGCCTCTCCC
91► Lys Arg Lys Thr Thr Leu Al a Pro Asn Thr Gl n Thr Al a Ser Pro
316 CGCGCGTTGGCCGATTCAATTAAATGCAGCTGGCACGACAGGTTCC
106► A rg Al a Leu Al a Asp Ser Leu Met Gl n Leu Al a Arg Gl n Val Ser
361 CGAGGATCCACAGGTTCTGGTCATGCAAGCTCTACCCCAGGTGGA
121► A rg Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Ser Gl y His Al a Ser Ser Thr Pro Gl y Gl y
406 GAAAAGGAGACTTCGGCTACCCAGAGAAGTTCACTGCCAGCTCT
136► Gl u Lys Gl u Thr Ser Al a Thr Gl n Arg Ser Ser Val Pro Ser Ser
451 ACTGAGAAGAATGCTGTGAGTATGACCAGCAGCGTACTCTCCAGC
151► Thr Gl u Lys Asn Al a Val Ser Met Thr Ser Ser Val Leu Ser Ser
496 CACAGCCCCGGTTCAAGGCTCCTCCACCACTCAGGGACAGGATGTC
166► His Ser Pro Gl y Ser Gl y Ser Ser Thr Thr Gl n Gl y Gl n Asp Val
541 ACTCTGGCCCCGGCCACGGAACCAGCCTCAGGTTGATAA
181► Thr Leu Al a Pro Al a Thr Gl u Pro Al a Ser Gl y • • • • •

Figure 8

1 ATGCAGATCTCGTGAAGACCCCTGACTGGTAAGACCACCACTCTC
 1► Met Gl n I I e Phe Val Lys Thr Leu Thr Gl y Lys Thr I I e Thr Leu
 46 GAAGTGGAGGCCGAGTGACACCATTGAGAATGTCAAGGCCAAAGATC
 16► Gl u Val Gl u Pro Ser Asp Thr I I e Gl u Asn Val Lys Al a Lys I I e
 91 CAAGACAAGGAAGGCATCCCTCCTGACCAGCAGAGGCTCATCTT
 31► Gl n Asp Lys Gl u Gl y I I e Pro Pro Asp Gl n Gl n Arg Leu I I e Phe
 136 GCAGGCAAGCAGCTGGAAGATGGCCGCACTCTTCTGACTACAAC
 46► Al a Gl y Lys Gl n Leu Gl u Asp Gl y A rg Thr Leu Ser Asp Tyr Asn
 181 ATCCAGAAAGAGTCCACCCCTGCACCTGGTGCCTCGTCTCAGAGGT
 61► I I e Gl n Lys Gl u Ser Thr Leu His Leu Val Leu Arg Leu Arg Gl y
 226 GGGAGGCACGGTAGTGGTGCATGGCTGTTGCCGCTCGCTGGTG
 76► Gl y A rg His Gl y Ser Gl y Al a Trp Leu Leu Pro Val Ser Leu Val
 271 AAAAGAAAAACCACCCCTGGCGCCAAATCGCAAACCGCCTCTCCC
 91► Lys Arg Lys Thr Thr Leu Al a Pro Asn Thr Gl n Thr Al a Ser Pro
 316 CGCGCGTTGGCCGATTCAATTAAATGCAGCTGGCACGACAGGTTCC
 106► A rg Al a Leu Al a Asp Ser Leu Met Gl n Leu Al a Arg Gl n Val I Ser
 361 CGAGGATCCGTGCCAGCTACTGAGAAGAATGCTGTGAGTATG
 121► A rg Gl y Ser Val Pro Ser Ser Thr Gl u Lys Asn Al a Val I Ser Met
 406 ACCAGCAGCGTACTCTCCAGGCCACAGCCCCGGTTCAAGGCTCCTCC
 136► Thr Ser Ser Val Leu Ser Ser His Ser Pro Gl y Ser Gl y Ser Ser
 451 ACCACTCAGGGACAGGGATGTCACTCTGGCCCCGGCACCGAACCA
 151► Thr Thr Gl n Gl y Gl n Asp Val Thr Leu Al a Pro Al a Thr Gl u Pro
 496 GCTTCAGGTTCAGCTGCCACCTGGGGACAGGATGTCACCTCGGTC
 166► Al a Ser Gl y Ser Al a Al a Thr Trp Gl y Gl n Asp Val Thr Ser Val
 541 CCAGTCACCAGGCCAGCCCTGGGCTCCACCACCCCCGCCAGCCCAC
 181► Pro Val Thr Arg Pro Al a Leu Gl y Ser Thr Thr Pro Pro Al a His
 586 GATGTCACCTCAGCCCCGGACAACAAGCCAGCCCCGGGAAGTACT
 196► Asp Val Thr Ser Al a Pro Asp Asn Lys Pro Al a Pro Gl y Ser Thr
 631 GCTCCACCAGCACACGGTGTACCTCGGCTCCGGATACCAGGCCG
 211► Al a Pro Pro Al a His Gl y Val Thr Ser Al a Pro Asp Thr Arg Pro
 676 GCCCCAGGTAGTACCGCCCCCTCCTGCCATGGTGTACATCTGCC
 226► Al a Pro Gl y Ser Thr Al a Pro Pro Al a His Gl y Val Thr Ser Al a
 721 CCGGACAACAGGCCTGCATTGGGTAGTACAGCACCGCCAGTACAC
 241► Pro Asp Asn Arg Pro Al a Leu Gl y Ser Thr Al a Pro Pro Val His
 766 AACGTTACTAGTGCCTCAGGCTCTGCTAGCGGCTCAGCTTCTACT
 256► Asn Val Thr Ser Al a Ser Gl y Ser Al a Ser Gl y Ser Al a Ser Thr
 811 CTGGTGCACAACGGCACCTCTGCGCGCGACCACAACCCCAGCG
 271► Leu Val His Asn Gl y Thr Ser Al a Arg Al a Thr Thr Pro Al a
 856 AGCAAGAGCACTCCATTCTCAATTCCCAGCTGATAA
 286► Ser Lys Ser Thr Pro Phe Ser I I e Pro Ser •••••

Figure 9

1 ATGCAGATCTCGTGAAGACCCCTGACTGGTAAGACCACACTCTC
 1► Met Gl n IlePheVal LysThr LeuThr Gl y LysThr IleThr Leu
 46 GAAGTGGAGCCGAGTGACACCATTGAGAATGTCAAGGCAAAGATC
 16► Gl uVal Gl uProSerAspThr IleGl uAsnVal LysAlaLysIle
 91 CAAGACAAAGGAAGGCATCCCTCCTGACCAGCAGAGGCTCATCTT
 31► Gl nAspLys Gl uGl y IleProProAsp Gl nGl nArgLeu IlePhe
 136 GCAGGCAAGCAGCTGGAAGATGGCCGACTCTTCTGACTACAAC
 46► Al aGl yLys Gl nLeuGl uAsp Gl yA rgThr LeuSerAspTyrAsn
 181 ATCCAGAAAGAGTCCACCCCTGCACCTGGTGCTCCGTCTCAGAGGT
 61► IleGl nLys Gl uSer Thr LeuHi sLeuVal LeuArgLeuArgGl y
 226 GGGAGGCACGGTAGTGGTGCATGGCTGTTGCCGTCTCGCTGGTG
 76► Gl yA rgHi s Gl ySer Gl yAl aTrpLeuLeuProVal Ser LeuVal
 271 AAAAGAAAACCACCCCTGGGCCCAATACGCAAACGCCCTCTCCC
 91► LysArgLysThr Thr LeuAl aProAsnThr Gl nThr Al aSer Pro
 316 CGCGCGTTGGCCGATTCATTAATGCAGCTGGCACGACAGGTTCC
 106► A rgAl aLeuAl aAspSer LeuMet Gl nLeuAl aArgGl nVal Ser
 361 CGAGGATCCGGCTCAGCTTACTCTGGTGACAACGGCACCTCT
 121► A rgGl ySer Gl ySer Al aSer Thr LeuVal Hi sAsnGl yThr Ser
 406 GCCAGGGCTACCACAACCCCAGCCAGCAAGAGCACTCCATTCTCA
 136► Al aArgAl aThr Thr ProAl aSer LysSer Thr ProPheSer
 451 ATTCCCAGCCACCACTCTGATACTCCTACCACCCCTGCCAGCCAT
 151► IleProSer Hi sHi sSerAspThr ProThr Thr LeuAl aSer Hi s
 496 AGCACCAAGACTGATGCCAGTAGCACTCACCATAGCACGGTACCT
 166► Ser Thr LysThrAspAl aSer Ser Thr Hi sHi sSer Thr Val Pro
 541 CCTCTCACCTCCTCCAATCACAGCACTCTCCCCAGTTGTCTACT
 181► ProLeuThr Ser SerAsnHi sSer Thr Ser ProGl nLeuSer Thr
 586 GGGGTCTCTTCTTTCTGTCTTCACATTCAAACCTCCAG
 196► Gl yVal Ser PhePhePheLeuSer PheHi s IleSerAsnLeuGl n
 631 TTTAATT CCTCTCTGGAAAGATCCCAGCACCAGACTACCAAGAG
 211► PheAsnSer Ser LeuGl uAspProSer ThrAspTyrTyrGl nGl u
 676 CTGCAGAGAGACATTCTGAAATGTTTGAGATTATAAACCAA
 226► LeuGl nArgAspIleSer Gl uMet PheLeuGl n IleTyrLysGl n
 721 GGGGGTTTCTGGCCCTCTCCAATATTAAGTTCAAGGCCAGGATCT
 241► Gl yGl yPheLeuGl yLeuSerAsn IleLysPheArgProGl ySer
 766 GTGGTGGTACAATTGACTCTGGCCTCCGAGAAGGTACCATCAAT
 256► Val Val Val Gl nLeuThr LeuAl aPheArgGl uGl yThr IleAsn
 811 GTCCACGACGTGGAGACACAGTTCAATCAGTATAAACGGAAAGCA
 271► Val Hi sAspVal Gl uThr Gl nPheAsnGl nTyrLysThr Gl uAl a
 856 GCCTCTCGATATAACCTGACGATCTCAGACGTCAGCGTGAGTGAT
 286► Al aSer ArgTyrAsnLeuThr IleSerAspVal Ser Val Ser Asp
 901 GTGCCATT CCTCTGCCCCAGTCTGGGCTGGGTGCCAGGC
 301► Val ProPheProPheSer Al aGl nSer Gl yAl aGl yVal ProGl y
 946 TGGGGCATCGCGCTGCTGGTCTGGTCTGTGTTCTGGTGCCTG
 316► TrpGl y IleAl aLeuLeuVal LeuVal CysVal LeuVal Al aLeu
 991 GCCATTGTCTATCTCATTGCCCTGTGATAA
 331► Al aIleVal TyrLeu IleAl aLeu • • • •

11/19

Figure 10

1 ATGCAGATCTCGTGAAGACCCTGACTGGTAAGACCATCACTCTC
1► Met Gl n l l ePheVal LysThr LeuThr Gl yLysThr l l eThr Leu
46 GAAGTGGAGCCGAGTGACACCATTGAGAATGTCAAGGCAAAGATC
16► Gl uVal Gl uProSerAspThr l l eGl uAsnVal LysAl aLys l l e
91 CAAGACAAGGAAGGCATCCCTCCTGACCAGCAGAGGCTCATCTT
31► Gl nAspLysGl uGl y l l eProProAspGl nGl nArgLeu l l ePhe
136 GCAGGCAAGCAGCTGGAAGATGGCCGCACTCTTCTGACTACAAC
46► Al aGl yLysGl nLeuGl uAspGl yA rgThr LeuSerAspTyrAsn
181 ATCCAGAAAGAGTCCACCCTGCACCTGGTGCTCCGTCTCAGAGGT
61► l l eGl nLysGl uSer Thr LeuHisLeuVal LeuArgLeuArgGl y
226 GGGAGGCACGGTAGTGGTGCATGGCTGTTGCCGTCTCGCTGGTG
76► Gl yA rgHi sGl ySer Gl yAl aTrpLeuLeuProVal Ser LeuVal
271 AAAAGAAAAACCACCCCTGGCGCCCAATACGCAAACCGCCTCTCCC
91► LysArgLysThr Thr LeuAl aProAsnThr Gl nThr Al aSer Pro
316 CGCGCGTTGGCCGATTCAATTAAATGCAGCTGGCACGACAGGTTCC
106► A rgAl aLeuAl aAspSer LeuMet Gl nLeuAl aArgGl nVal Ser
361 CGAGGATCCCTGGTGCCTGGTCTGTGTTGGTGCCTGGCATT
121► A rgGl ySer LeuVal LeuVal CysVal LeuVal Al aLeuAl a l l e
406 GTCTATCTCATTGCCTGGCTGTCTGTCAGTGCCGCCAAAGAAC
136► Val TyrLeu l l eAl aLeuAl aVal CysGl nCysArgArgLysAsn
451 TACGGGCAGCTGGACATCTTCCAGCCCCGGATACTACCATCCT
151► TyrGl yGl nLeuAsp l l ePheProAl aArgAspThr TyrHisPro
496 ATGAGCGAGTACCCCACCTACCACACCCATGGCGCTATGTGCC
166► MetSer Gl uTyrProThr TyrHisThr HisGl yA rgTyrVal Pro
541 CCTAGCAGTACCGATCGTAGCCCCATGAGAAGGTTCTGCAGGT
181► ProSer Ser ThrAspArgSer ProTyrGl uLysVal Ser Al aGl y
586 AATGGTGGCAGCAGCCTCTTACACAAACCCAGCAGTGGCAGCC
196► AsnGl yGl ySer Ser LeuSer TyrThrAsnProAl aVal Al aAl a
631 ACTTCTGCCAACTTGTGATAA
211► Thr Ser Al aAsnLeu•••••

12/19

Figure 11

1 ATGCAGATCTCGTGAAGACCCCTGACTGGTAAGACCATCACTCTC
 1► Met Gl n I I e Phe Val Lys Thr Leu Thr Gl y Lys Thr I I e Thr Leu
 46 GAAGTGGAGCCGAGTGACACCATTGAGAATGTCAAGGCAAAGATC
 16► Gl u Val Gl u Pro Ser Asp Thr I I e Gl u Asn Val Lys Al a Lys I I e
 91 CAAGACAAGGAAGGCATCCCTCCTGACCAGCAGAGGCTCATCTT
 31► Gl n Asp Lys Gl u Gl y I I e Pro Pro Asp Gl n Gl n Arg Leu I I e Phe
 136 GCAGGCAAGCAGCTGGAAGATGGCCGACTCTTCTGACTACAAC
 46► Al a Gl y Lys Gl u Leu Gl u Asp Gl y Arg Thr Leu Ser Asp Tyr Asn
 181 ATCCAGAAAGAGTCCACCCCTGCACCTGGTGCCTCGTCTCAGAGGT
 61► I I e Gl n Lys Gl u Ser Thr Leu His Leu Val I Leu Arg Leu Arg Gl y
 226 GGGAGGCACGGTAGTGGTGCATGGCTGTTGCCGTCTCGCTGGTG
 76► Gl y Arg His Gl y Ser Gl y Al a Trp Leu Leu Pro Val Ser Leu Val
 271 AAAAGAAAAACCACCCCTGGCGCCAATACGCAAACCGCCTCTCCC
 91► Lys Arg Lys Thr Thr Leu Al a Pro Asn Thr Gl n Thr Al a Ser Pro
 316 CGCGCGTTGGCCGATTCAATTAAATGCAGCTGGCACGACAGGT TTCC
 106► Arg Al a Leu Al a Asp Ser Leu Met Gl n Leu Al a Arg Gl n Val Ser
 361 CGAGGATCCACAGGTTCTGGTCATGCAAGCTCTACCCCAGGTGGA
 121► Arg Gl y Ser Thr Gl y Ser Gl y His Al a Ser Ser Thr Pro Gl y Gl y
 406 GAAAAGGAGACTCGGCTACCCAGAGAAGTCAGTGCCCAGCTCT
 136► Gl u Lys Gl u Thr Ser Al a Thr Gl n Arg Ser Ser Val Pro Ser Ser
 451 ACTGAGAAGAATGCTGTGAGTATGACCAGCAGCGTACTCTCCAGC
 151► Thr Gl u Lys Asn Al a Val Ser Met Thr Ser Ser Val Leu Ser Ser
 496 CACAGCCCCGGTTCAAGGCTCCTCCACCACTCAGGGACAGGATGTC
 166► His Ser Pro Gl y Ser Gl y Ser Ser Thr Thr Gl n Gl y Gl n Asp Val
 541 ACTCTGGCCCCGGCCACGGAACCAGCTTCAGGTTAGCTGCCACC
 181► Thr Leu Al a Pro Al a Thr Gl u Pro Al a Ser Gl y Ser Al a Al a Thr
 586 TGGGGACAGGATGTCACCTCGGTCCCAGTCACCAGGCCAGCCCTG
 196► Trp Gl y Gl n Asp Val Thr Ser Val Pro Val Thr Arg Pro Al a Leu
 631 GGCTCCACCACCCCGCCAGGCCACGATGTCACCTCAGCCCCGGAC
 211► Gl y Ser Thr Thr Pro Pro Al a His Asp Val Thr Ser Al a Pro Asp
 676 AACAAAGCCAGCCCCGGGAAGTACCGCTCCACCAGCACACGGTGT
 226► Asn Lys Pro Al a Pro Gl y Ser Thr Al a Pro Pro Al a His Gl y Val
 721 ACCTCGGCTCCGGATACCAGGCCAGGCCACGATGTCACCTCAGCCCCGGAC
 241► Thr Ser Al a Pro Asp Thr Arg Pro Al a Pro Gl y Ser Thr Al a Pro
 766 CCTGCCCATGGTGTACATCTGCCCGGACAACAGGCCTGCATTG
 256► Pro Al a His Gl y Val Thr Ser Al a Pro Asp Asn Arg Pro Al a Leu
 811 GGTAGTACAGCACGCCAGTACACAAACGTTACTAGTGCCTCAGGC
 271► Gl y Ser Thr Al a Pro Pro Val His Asn Val Thr Ser Al a Ser Gl y
 856 TCTGCTAGCGGCTCAGCTTACTCTGGTGCACAACGGCACCTCT
 286► Ser Al a Ser Gl y Ser Al a Ser Thr Leu Val His Asn Gl y Thr Ser

(Continued)

Figure 11 (continued)

901 GCGCGCGCGACCACAACCCAGCGAGCAAGAGCACTCCATTCTCA
 301►AlaArgAlaThrThrThrProAlaSerLysSerThrProPheSer
 946 ATTCCCAGCCACCACACTCTGATACTCCTACCACCCTGCCAGCCAT
 316►IleProSerHisHisSerAspThrProThrThrLeuAlaSerHis
 991 AGCACCAAGACTGATGCCAGTAGCACTCACCATAGCACGGTACCT
 331►SerThrLysThrAspAlaSerSerThrHisHisSerThrValPro
 1036 CCTCTCACCTCCTCCAATCACAGCACTCTCCCCAGTTGTCTACT
 346►ProLeuThrSerSerAsnHisSerThrSerProGlnLeuSerThr
 1081 GGGGTCTCTTCTTTCTGTCTTCACATTTCAAACCTCCAG
 361►GlyValSerPhePhePheLeuSerPheHisIleSerAsnLeuGln
 1126 TTTAATTCCCTCTGGAAAGATCCCAGCACCAGACTACCAAGAG
 376►PheAsnSerSerLeuGlyAspProSerThrAspTyrTyrGlnGly
 1171 CTGCAGAGAGACATTCTGAAATGTTTGCAGATTATAAACAA
 391►LeuGlyArgAspIleSerGlyuMetPheLeuGlyIleTyrLysGly
 1216 GGGGGTTTCTGGGCCTCTCCAATATTAAGTTCAGGCCAGGATCT
 406►GlyGlyPheLeuGlyLeuSerAsnIleLysPheArgProGlySer
 1261 GTGGTGGTACAATTGACTCTGGCCTTCCGAGAAGGTACCATCAAT
 421►ValValValGlyLeuThrLeuAlaPheArgGlyuGlyThrIleAsn
 1306 GTCCACGACGTGGAGACACAGTTCAATCAGTATAAACGGAGCA
 436►ValHisAspValGlyuThrGlyuPheAsnGlyuTyrLysThrGlyuAla
 1351 GCCTCTCGATATAACCTGACGATCTCAGACGTCAGCGTGAGTGAT
 451►AlaSerArgTyrAsnLeuThrIleSerAspValSerValSerAsp
 1396 GTGCCATTCTCTCTGCCCAGTCTGGGGCTGGGTGCCAGGC
 466►ValProPheProPheSerAlaGlyuSerGlyAlaGlyValProGly
 1441 TGGGGCATCGCGCTGCTGGTCTGGTCTGTGTTGGTTCGCGCTG
 481►TrpGlyIleAlaLeuLeuValLeuValCysValLeuValAlaLeu
 1486 GCCATTGTCTATCTCATTGCCTGGCTGTCTGTCAGTGCCGCCGA
 496►AlaIleValTyrLeuIleAlaLeuAlaValCysGlyuCysArgArg
 1531 AAGAACTACGGGAGCTGGACATCTTCCAGCCCCGGATACCTAC
 511►LysAsnTyrGlyuLeuAspIlePheProAlaArgAspThrTyr
 1576 CATCCTATGAGCGAGTACCCACCTACCACACCCATGGCGCTAT
 526►HisProMetSerGlyuTyrProThrTyrHisThrHisGlyuArgTyr
 1621 GTGCCCTAGCAGTACCGATCGTAGCCCTATGAGAAGGTTCT
 541►ValProProSerSerThrAspArgSerProTyrGlyuLysValSer
 1666 GCAGGTAATGGTGGCAGCAGCCTCTCTTACACAAACCCAGCAGTG
 556►AlaGlyAsnGlyuGlySerSerLeuSerTyrThrAsnProAlaVal
 1711 GCAGCCACTCTGCCAATTGTGATAA
 571►AlaAlaThrSerAlaAsnLeu•••••

14/19

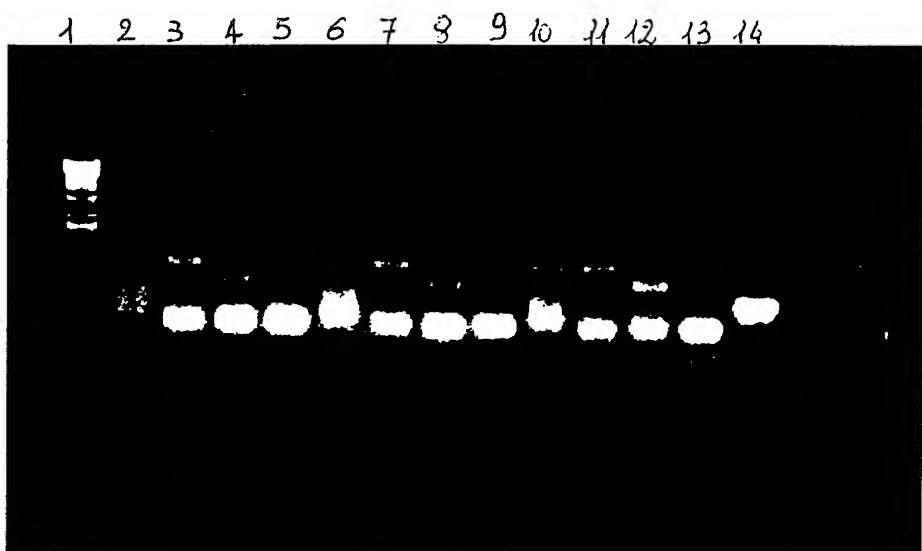


Figure 13

1 CCAGGAAGCTCCTCTGTGCCTCATAAACCCTAACCTCCTACTTGAGA
51 GGACATTCCAATCATAGGCTGCCATCCACCCCTGTGCCTCCTGTTAA
101 TTAGGTCACTAACAAAAAGGAAATTGGGTAGGGGTTTCACAGACCGC
151 TTTCTAAGGGTAATTAAAATATCTGGGAAGTCCCTCCACTGCTGTGT
201 TCCAGAAGTGTGGTAAACAGCCCACAAATGTCAACAGCAGAACATACA
251 AGCTGTCAGCTTGCACAAGGGCCAACACCCTGCTCATCAAGAACACT
301 GTGGTTGCTGTGTTAGTAATGTGCAAAACAGGAGGCACATTTCCCCACC
351 TGTGTAGGTTCAAAATATCTAGTGTTCATTTTACTGGATCAGGAA
401 CCCAGCACTCCACTGGATAAGCATTATCCTTATCCTAACAGCCTGTGG
451 TCAGTGTCATCTGCTGACTGTCAACTGTAGCATTGGGGTTACAGT
501 TTGAGCAGGATATTGGCCTGTAGTTGCTAACACACCCTGCAGCTCCA
551 AAGGTTCCCCACCAACAGCAAAAAATGAAAATTGACCCTGAATGGGT
601 TTTCCAGCACCATTTCATGAGTTTGTGTCCTGAATGCAAGTTAA
651 CATAGCAGTTACCCCAATAACCTCAGTTAACAGTAACAGCCTCCCACA
701 TCAAAATATTCCACAGGTTAAGTCCTCATTTAAATTAGGCAAAGGAATT
751 CTTGAAGACGAAAGGGCCTCGTGTACGCCTATTTTATAGGTTAATGTC
801 ATGATAATAATGGTTCTTAGACGTCAAGGTGGCACTTTGGGGAAATGT
851 GCGCGGAACCCCTATTGTTATTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGTATC
901 CGCTCATGAGACAATAACCTGATAAAATGCTCAATAATATTGAAAAAGG
951 AAGAGTATGAGTATTCAACATTCCGTGTCGCCCTTATTCCCTTTTGC
1001 GGCATTTCGCTTCCTGTTTGCTCACCCAGAAACGCTGGTGAAAGTAA

Figure 13

2151 TAGTTAGGCCACCACTCAAGAACTCTGTAGCACCGCCTACATAACCTCGC
2201 TCTGCTAATCCTGTTACCAGTGGCTGCTGCCAGTGGCGATAAGTCGTGTC
2251 TTACCGGGTTGGACTCAAGACGATAGTTACCGGATAAGGCCAGCGGTGCG
2301 GGCTGAACGGGGGTTCGTGCACACAGCCCAGCTGGAGCGAACGACCTA
2351 CACCGAACTGAGATACTACAGCGTGAGCTATGAGAAAGGCCACGCTTC
2401 CCGAAGGGAGAAAGGCGGACAGGTATCCGTAAGCGGCAGGGTCGGAAACA
2451 GGAGAGCGCACGAGGGAGCTCCAGGGAAACGCCCTGGTATCTTATAG
2501 TCCTGTCGGGTTCGCCACCTCTGACTTGAGCGTCGATTTGTGATGCT
2551 CGTCAGGGGGCGGAGCCTATGGAAAAACGCCAGCAACGCCCTTTTA
2601 CGGTTCTGGCCTTGTGGCTGGCTTGTACATGTTCTTCCTGCGTT
2651 ATCCCCTGATTCTGTGGATAACCGTATTACGCCCTTGAGTGAGCTGATA
2701 CCGCTGCCGCAGCGAACGACCGAGCGCAGCGAGTCAGTGAGCGAGGAA
2751 GCGGAAGAGCGCCTGATGCCGTATTTCTCCTACGCATCTGTGCGGTAT
2801 TTCACACCGCATATGGTGCCTCTCAGTACAATCTGCTCTGATGCCGCAT
2851 AGTTAAGCCAGTACAATCAATATTGCCATTAGCCATTATTATTGATTG
2901 GTTATATAGCATAAAATCAATATTGGCTATTGCCATTGCATACGTTGTAT
2951 CCATATCATAATATGTACATTATGGCTCATGTCAAACATTACCGCC
3001 ATGTTGACATTGATTATTGACTAGTTATTAATAGTAATCAATTACGGGT
3051 CATTAGTTCATAGCCCATAATGGAGTTCCGCGTTACATAACTACGGTA
3101 AATGGCCCGCCTGGCTGACCGCCAAACGACCCCCGCCATTGACGTCAAT
3151 AATGACGTATGTTCCATAGTAACGCCAATAGGGACTTCCATTGACGTC
3201 AATGGGTGGAGTATTACGGTAAACTGCCACTGGCAGTACATCAAGTG
3251 TATCATATGCCAAGTACGCCCTATTGACGTCAATGACGGTAAATGCC

(Continued)

Figure 13 (Continued)

3301 CGCCTGGCATTATGCCAGTACATGACCTATGGGACTTCCTACTTGGC
3351 AGTACATCTACGTATTAGTCATCGCTATTACCATGGTATGCGGTTTGG
3401 CAGTACATCAATGGCGTGGATAGCGGTTGACTCACGGGATTCAG
3451 TCTCCACCCCATTGACGTCAATGGGAGTTGTTGGCACCAAAATCAAC
3501 GGGACTTTCAAAATGTCGTAACAACCTCCGCCCCATTGACGCAAATGGC
3551 GGTAGGCGTGTACGGTGGGAGGTCTATATAAGCAGAGCTCGTTAGTGAA
3601 CCGTCAGATCGCCTGGAGACGCCATCCACGCTGTTGACCTCCATAGAA
3651 GACACCGGGACCGATCCAGCCTCCGGCCGGAACGGTGCATTGAAACG
3701 CGGATTCCCCGTGCCAAGAAAGCTTGTCTAGAACCCGGGAGAGCTCCTGA
3751 GAACTTCAGGGTGAGTTGGGACCCCTGATTGTTCTTCTTTCGCTA
3801 TTGTAAAATTCACTGTTATATGGAGGGGCAAAGTTTCAGGGTGTGTT
3851 AGAATGGGAAGATGTCCCTGTATCACCATGGACCCTCATGATAATTTG
3901 TTTCTTCACTTCTACTCTGTTGACAACCATTGTCTCCTCTTATTTCT
3951 TTTCATTTCTGTAACCTTCGTTAAACTTAGCTTGCATTGTAACGA
4001 ATTTTAAATTCACTTTGTTATTGTCAGATTGTAAGTACTTCCTA
4051 ATCACTTTTCAAGGCAATCAGGGTATATTATATTGTACTTCAGCAC
4101 AGTTTAGAGAACAAATTGTTATAATTAAATGATAAGGTAGAATATTCTG
4151 CATATAAATTCTGGCTGGCGTGGAAATATTCTTATTGGTAGAAACAAC
4201 CATCCTGGTCATCATCCTGCCCTCTCTTATGGTACAATGATACAC
4251 TGTTGAGATGAGGATAAAACTCTGAGTCAAACCGGGCCCTCTGCT
4301 AACCATGTTCATGCCTCTTCTTCTACAGCTCCTGGCAACGTGCT
4351 GGTTGTTGTGCTGTCTCATCATTGGCAAAGAATTCACTCCTCAGGTGC
4401 AGGCTGCCTATCAGAAGGTGGTGGCTGGTGTGGCAATGCCCTGGCTCAC

(Continued)

Figure 13 (Continued)

1051 AAGATGCTGAAGATCAGTTGGGTGCACGAGTGGGTTACATCGAACTGGAT
1101 CTCAACAGCGTAAGATCCTTGAGAGTTTCGCCCGAAGAACGTTTCC
1151 AATGATGAGCACTTTAAAGTTCTGCTATGTGGCGCGTATTATCCCGTG
1201 TTGACGCCGGCAAGAGCAACTCGGTCGCCATAACACTATTCTCAGAAT
1251 GACTTGGTTGAGTACTCACCAAGTCACAGAAAAGCATCTTACGGATGGCAT
1301 GACAGTAAGAGAATTATGCAGTGCTGCCATAACCATGAGTGATAACACTG
1351 CGGCCAACTTACTTCTGACAACGATCGGAGGACCGAAGGAGCTAACCGCT
1401 TTTTGACAAACATGGGGATCATGTAACTCGCCTTGATCGTTGGGAACC
1451 GGAGCTGAATGAAGCCATACCAAACGACGAGCGTACACACGATGCCTG
1501 CAGCAATGGCAACAACGTTGCGCAAACATTAACTGGCGAACTACTTACT
1551 CTAGCTCCCGCAACAATTAAATAGACTGGATGGAGGCGGATAAAGTTGC
1601 AGGACCACTTCTGCGCTCGGCCCTCCGGCTGGCTGGTTATTGCTGATA
1651 AATCTGGAGCCGGTGAGCGTGGGTCTCGCGGTATCATTGCAGCACTGGGG
1701 CCAGATGGTAAGCCCTCCGTATCGTAGTTATCTACACGACGGGAGTCA
1751 GGCAACTATGGATGAACGAAATAGACAGATCGCTGAGATAGGTGCCCTCAC
1801 TGATTAAGCATTGGTAACTGTCAGACCAAGTTACTCATATATACTTTAG
1851 ATTGATTTAAACTTCATTTAATTAAAGGATCTAGGTGAAGATCCT
1901 TTTGATAATCTCATGACCAAAATCCCTAACGTGAGTTTCGTTCCACT
1951 GAGCGTCAGACCCCGTAGAAAAGATCAAAGGATCTTCTTGAGATCCTTT
2001 TTTCTGCGCGTAATCTGCTGCTTGCAAACAAAAAACCACCGCTACCAGC
2051 GGTGGTTGTTGCCGGATCAAGAGCTACCAACTCTTTCCGAAGGTAA
2101 CTGGCTTCAGCAGAGCGCAGATACCAAAACTGTCCCTCTAGTGTAGCCG

(Continued)

19/19

Figure 13 (Continued)

4451 AAATACCACTGAGATCTTTCCCTCTGCCAAAAATTATGGGGACATCAT
4501 GAAGCCCCTTGAGCATCTGACTTCTGGCTAATAAGGAAATTATTTCA
4551 TTGCAATAGTGTGTTGAAATTTTGTGTCTCTCACTCGGAAGGACATAT
4601 GGGAGGGCAAATCATTAAAACATCAGAATGAGTATTGGTTAGAGTT
4651 GGCAACATATGCCATATGCTGGCTGCCATGAACAAAGGTGGCTATAAAGA
4701 GGTCATCAGTATATGAAACAGCCCCCTGCTGTCCATTCCCTTATTCCATAG
4751 AAAAGCCTTGACTTGAGGTTAGATTTTTATATTTGTTTGTTAT
4801 TTTTTCTTAACATCCCTAAAATTTCCTTACATGTTTACTAGCCAGA
4851 TTTTCCTCCTCCTGACTACTCCAGTCATAGCTGTCCCTTTCTCTG
4901 GATCC

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> MENARINI RICERCHE S.p.A.

<120> PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION, CONTAINING FRAGMENTS OF AN
ANTIGENIC PROTEIN ENCODING DNA ENDOWED WITH ANTI-TUMOR
EFFECT

<130> 5653MEUR

<140>

<141>

<150> MI98A002330

<151> 1998-10-30

<160> 35

<170> PatentIn Ver. 2.1

<210> 1

<211> 213

<212> DNA

<213> human

<400> 1

atgacaggtt ctggcatgc aagctctacc ccaggtggag aaaaggagac ttcggctacc 60
cagagaagtt cagtccccag ctctactgag aagaatgctg tgagtatgac cagcagcgta 120
ctctccagcc acagccccgg ttcaggctcc tccaccactc agggacagga tgtcactctg 180
ccccggcca cggaaccagc ttcaggttga taa 213

<210> 2

<211> 525

<212> DNA

<213> human

<400> 2

atgggtggccca gctctactga gaagaatgct gtgagttatga ccagcagcgt actctccagc 60
cacagccccg gttcaggctc ctccaccact cagggacagg atgtcacctt ggccccggcc 120
acggaaccag cttcagggttc agtgcaccacc tggggacagg atgtcacctc ggtcccagtc 180
accaggccag ccctgggctc caccaccccg ccagccccacg atgtcacctc agccccggac 240
aacaagccag ccccgaaaag tactgctcca ccagcacacg gtgttacctc ggctccggat 300
accaggccgg ccccgaggtag taccgccccct cctgccccatg gtgtcacatc tgccccggac 360
aacaggcctg cattgggttag tacagcacccg ccagtacaca acgttactag tgcctcaggc 420
tctgctagcg gctcagcttc tactctggtg cacaacggca cctctgcgcg cgccaccaca 480
accccgacgca gcaagagcac tccattctca attcccgagct gataa 525

<210> 3
<211> 654
<212> DNA
<213> human

<400> 3
atgggctcag cttctactct ggtgcacaac ggcacctctg ccagggctac cacaacccca 60
gccagcaaga gcactccatt ctcaattccc agccaccact ctgatactcc taccaccctt 120
gccagccata gcaccaagac tgatgccagt agcactcacc atagcacggt acctcctctc 180
accccttcca atcacagcac ttctcccccag ttgtctactg gggctctttt cttttccctg 240
tcttttca a tttcaaacct ccagttaat tcctctctgg aagatcccag caccgactac 300
taccaagagc tgcagagaga catttctgaa atgttttgc agatttataa acaagggggt 360
tttctgggccc tctccaatat taagttcagg ccaggatctg tggtggtaca attgactctg 420
gccttcccgag aaggtaaccat caatgtccac gacgtggaga cacagttcaa tcagtataaa 480
acggaagcag cctctcgata taacctgacg atctcagacg tcagcgtgag tgatgtgcca 540
tttcctttct ctgcccagtc tggggctggg gtgccaggct ggggcatcgc gctgctggtg 600
ctggctgtg ttctgggtgc gctggccatt gtctatctca ttgccttgcg ataa 654

<210> 4
<211> 285
<212> DNA
<213> human

<400> 4
atgctgggtgc tggctgtgt tctgggtgcg ctggccatttgc tctatctcat tgccttggct 60
gtctgtcagt gcccggaaa gaaactacggg cagctggaca tctttccagc ccgggatacc 120
taccatccta tgagcgagta ccccacctac cacacccatg ggccgtatgt gccccctagc 180
agtaccgatc gtagcccccta tgagaaggaa tctgcaggta atggtggcag cagcctctct 240
tacacaaacc cagcagtggc agccacttct gccaacttgcg ataa 285

<210> 5
<211> 1371
<212> DNA
<213> human

<400> 5
atgacagaggtt ctggtcatgc aagctctacc ccaggtggag aaaaggagac ttccggctacc 60
cagagaagtt cagtgcccgag ctctacttgag aagaatgctg tgtagtatgac cagcagcgta 120
ctctccagcc acagccccgg ttcaggctcc tccaccactc agggacagga tgtcactctg 180
gccccggcca cggaaaccagc ttcagggttca gctgccacct ggggacagga tgtcacctcg 240
gtcccgagtca ccaggccagc cctgggctcc accaccccgcc cagcccacga tgtcacctca 300
gccccggaca acaagccagc cccgggaagt accgctccac cagcacacgg tggcacctcg 360
gctccggata ccaggccggc cccaggttagt accgccccctc ctgcccacatgg tggcacatct 420
gccccggaca acaggcctgc attgggttagt acagcacccgc cagcacacaa cgttacttagt 480
gcctcaggct ctgctagcgg ctcagcttct actctgggtgc acaacggcac ctctgcgcgc 540

gcgaccacaa ccccagcgag caagagcact ccattctcaa ttcccagcca ccactctgat 600
 actcctacca cccttgcag ccatagcacc aagactgatg ccagtagcac tcaccatagc 660
 acggtagctc ctctcacctc ctccaaatcac agcaactctc cccagttgtc tactgggtc 720
 tctttcttt tcctgtctt tcacattca aacctccagt ttaattcctc tctggaagat 780
 cccagcaccc actactacca agagctgcag agagacatTT ctgaaatgtt tttgcagatt 840
 tataaacaag ggggtttctt gggcctctcc aatattaagt tcaggccagg atctgtggg 900
 gtacaattga ctctggcctt ccgagaaggt accatcaatg tccacgacgt ggagacacag 960
 ttcaatcagt ataaaaacgga agcagccctc cgatataacc tgacgatctc agacgtcagc 1020
 gtgagtgatg tgccatttcc tttctctgcc cagttgtggg ctgggggtgcc aggctggggc 1080
 atccgcgtgc tgggtgtggt ctgtgttctg gttgcgtgg ccattgtcta ttcattgcc 1140
 ttggctgtct gtcagtgcgc ccgaaagaac tacgggcagc tggacatctt tccagcccgg 1200
 gatacctacc atcctatgag cgagtacccc acctaccaca cccatggcg ctatgtgccc 1260
 cctagcagta ccgatcgtag cccctatgag aaggTTTctg caggtaatgg tggcagcagc 1320
 ctcttttaca caaaccacgc agtggcagcc acttctgcca acttgtgata a 1371

<210> 6
 <211> 369
 <212> DNA
 <213> human

<400> 6
 atgcagatct tcgtgaagac cctgactggg aagaccatca ctctcgaagt ggagccgagt 60
 gacaccattt agaatgtcaa ggcaaagatc caagacaagg aaggcatccc tcctgaccag 120
 cagaggctca tctttgcagg caagcagctg gaagatggcc gcactcttcc tgactacaac 180
 atccagaaag agtccaccct gcacctgggt ctccgtctca gaggtgggag gcacggtagt 240
 ggtgcattggc tggccgtt ctcgctgggaaa aaaa 300
 caaaccgcct ctccccgcgc gttggccgat tcattatgc agctggcacg acaggTTTcc 360
 cgaggatccc 369

<210> 7
 <211> 579
 <212> DNA
 <213> human

<400> 7
 atgcagatct tcgtgaagac cctgactggg aagaccatca ctctcgaagt ggagccgagt 60
 gacaccattt agaatgtcaa ggcaaagatc caagacaagg aaggcatccc tcctgaccag 120
 cagaggctca tctttgcagg caagcagctg gaagatggcc gcactcttcc tgactacaac 180
 atccagaaag agtccaccct gcacctgggt ctccgtctca gaggtgggag gcacggtagt 240
 ggtgcattggc tggccgtt ctcgctgggaaa aaaa 300
 caaaccgcct ctccccgcgc gttggccgat tcattatgc agctggcacg acaggTTTcc 360
 cgaggatccc 420
 caggttctgg tcatgcaagc tctacccag gtggagaaaa ggagacttcg 480
 gctaccacaga gaagttcagt gcccagctc actgagaaga atgctgtgag tatgaccagc 540
 agcgtactct ccagccacag ccccggttca ggctcctcca ccactcaggg acaggatgtc 579
 actctggccc cggccacgga accagcttca ggttgataa

<210> 8
<211> 891
<212> DNA
<213> human

<400> 8
atgcagatct tcgtgaagac cctgactgg aagaccatca ctctcgaa gt ggagccgagt 60
gacaccattt agaatgtcaa ggcaaagatc caagacaagg aaggcatccc tcctgaccag 120
cagaggctca tctttgcagg caagcagctg gaagatggcc gcactcttc tgactacaac 180
atccagaaaag agtccaccctt gcacctgggtg ctccgtctca gaggtgggag gcacggtagt 240
ggtgcattggc tggtgcccgt ctgcgtggtg aaaagaaaaa ccaccctggc gcccaatacg 300
caaaccgcctt ctccccgcgc gttggccat tcattatgc agctggcactg acagggtttcc 360
cgaggatccg tgcccagctc tactgagaag aatgctgtga gtatgaccag cagcgtactc 420
tccagccaca gccccgggttc aggctcctcc accactcagg gacaggatgt cactctggcc 480
ccggccacgg aaccagctt aggttcagct gccacctggg gacaggatgt cacctcggtc 540
ccagtcacca ggccagccct gggctccacc accccgcccag cccacgtgt cacctcagcc 600
ccggacaaca agccagcccc gggaaagtact gctccaccag cacacgggtt tacctcggct 660
ccggatacca ggccggcccc aggtgttacc gcccctcctg cccatgggtt cacatctgcc 720
ccggacaaca ggccctgcatt gggtagtaca gcacccggcag tacacaacgt tactagtgcc 780
tcaggctctg cttagcggctc agttctact ctggtgacca acggcacctc tgcgcgccg 840
accacaaccc cagcgagcaa gagcactcca ttctcaattt ccagctgata a 891

<210> 9
<211> 1020
<212> DNA
<213> human

<400> 9
atgcagatct tcgtgaagac cctgactgg aagaccatca ctctcgaa gt ggagccgagt 60
gacaccattt agaatgtcaa ggcaaagatc caagacaagg aaggcatccc tcctgaccag 120
cagaggctca tctttgcagg caagcagctg gaagatggcc gcactcttc tgactacaac 180
atccagaaaag agtccaccctt gcacctgggtg ctccgtctca gaggtgggag gcacggtagt 240
ggtgcattggc tggtgcccgt ctgcgtggtg aaaagaaaaa ccaccctggc gcccaatacg 300
caaaccgcctt ctccccgcgc gttggccat tcattatgc agctggcactg acagggtttcc 360
cgaggatccg gtcagctt tactctggtg cacaacggca cctctggccag ggctaccaca 420
accggccca gcaagagcac tccatttca attccagcc accactctga tactcctacc 480
acccttgcacca gccatagcac caagactgat gccagtagca ctcaccatag cacggtagt 540
cctctcacct cctccaaatca cagcacttcc cccagttgtt ctactgggtt ctctttctt 600
ttcctgttctt ttcacatttc aaacctccag tttaattccct ctctggaaaga tcccagcacc 660
gactactacc aagagctgca gagagacatt tctgaaatgt ttttgcagat ttataaaacaa 720
gggggttttc tgggcctctc caatattaag ttcaggccag gatctgtggt ggtacaattt 780
actctggccct tccgagaagg taccatcaat gtccacgacg tggagacaca gttcaatcag 840
tataaaacgg aagcagccctc tcgatataac ctgacgatct cagacgtcag cgtgagtgat 900
gtgccatttc ctctctctgc ccagtctggg gctgggggtgc caggctgggg catcgcgctg 960
ctggtgctgg tctgtgttctt ggttgcgtg gccattgtct atctcatttgc cttgtgataa 1020

<210> 10
<211> 651
<212> DNA
<213> human

<400> 10
atgcagatct tcgtgaagac cctgactgg aagaccatca ctctcgaagt ggagccgagt 60
gacaccattg agaatgtcaa ggcaaagatc caagacaagg aaggcatccc tcctgaccag 120
cagaggctca tcttcgcagg caagcagctg gaagatggcc gcactcttc tgactacaac 180
atccagaaaag agtccaccct gcacctggtg ctccgtctca gaggtggag gcacggtagt 240
ggtgcattggc tggcccggt ctgcgtgg aaaaagaaaa ccaccctggc gcccaatacg 300
caaaccgcct ctccccgcgc gttggccat tcattatgc agctggcact acagggttcc 360
cgaggatccc tggctgtgg ctgtgttctg gttgcgtgg ccattgtct a tctcattgcc 420
ttggctgtct gtcagtgcgc ccgaaagaac tacgggcagc tggacatctt tccagcccg 480
gatacctacc atcctatgag cgagtacccc acctaccaca cccatggcgc ctatgtgccc 540
ccctagcgtta ccgatcgttag cccctatgag aaggttctg caggtaatgg tggcagcagc 600
ctctcttaca caaaccgcgc agtggcagcc acttctgcca acttgtgata a 651

<210> 11
<211> 1737
<212> DNA
<213> human

<400> 11
atgcagatct tcgtgaagac cctgactgg aagaccatca ctctcgaagt ggagccgagt 60
gacaccattg agaatgtcaa ggcaaagatc caagacaagg aaggcatccc tcctgaccag 120
cagaggctca tcttcgcagg caagcagctg gaagatggcc gcactcttc tgactacaac 180
atccagaaaag agtccaccct gcacctggtg ctccgtctca gaggtggag gcacggtagt 240
ggtgcattggc tggcccggt ctgcgtgg aaaaagaaaa ccaccctggc gcccaatacg 300
caaaccgcct ctccccgcgc gttggccat tcattatgc agctggcact acagggttcc 360
cgaggatcca cagggtctgg tcatgcactc tctacccag gtggagaaaa ggagacttcg 420
gctaccaga gaagttcagt gcccagctt actgagaaga atgctgttag tatgaccagc 480
agcgtactt ccagccacag ccccggttca ggctccttca ccactcaggc acaggatgtc 540
actctggccc cggccacgga accagcttca gggtcagctg ccacctgggg acaggatgtc 600
acctcggtcc cagtcaccag gccagccctg ggctccacca ccccgccagc ccacgtgtc 660
acctcagccc cggacaacaa gccagccccg ggaagtaccg ctccaccagc acacgggttt 720
acctcggctc cggataccag gccggcccca ggttagtaccg cccctcttgc ccatgggttc 780
acatctgccc cggacaacag gcctgcattt ggttagtacag caccggccagt acacaacgtt 840
actagtgcct caggctctgc tagcggcttca gcttctactc tggtgaccaa cggcacctt 900
gcgcgcgcga ccacaacccc agcgagcaag agcaactccat tctcaattcc cagccaccac 960
tctgataactc ctaccaccct tgccagccat agcaccaga a tctatgcact tagcactcac 1020
catagcacgg tacctccttcc caccccttcc aatcacagca cttctccca gttgtctact 1080
ggggtcttctt tctttttctt gtcttttccat atttcaaacc tccagttaa ttccctcttgc 1140
gaagatccca gcaccgacta ctaccaagag ctgcagagag acatttctga aatgtttttg 1200
cagatttata aacaaggggg ttttctggc ctctccaata ttaagttcag gccaggatct 1260
gtgggtgtac aattgactct ggccttccga gaaggtacca tcaatgtcca cgacgtggag 1320

acacagttca atcagtataa aacggaagca gcctctcgat ataacctgac gatctcagac 1380
 gtcagcgtga gtgatgtgcc atttccttgc tctgcccagt ctggggctgg ggtgccaggc 1440
 tggggcatcg cgctgctgg tctggctgt gttctgggtcg ctggccat tgtctatctc 1500
 attcgccttgc ctgtctgtca gtgcccgg aagaactacg ggcagctgga catctttcca 1560
 gcccggata cctaccatcc tatgagcgag taccggaccc accacaccca tggcgctat 1620
 gtgccccctca gcagtaccga tcgttagcccc tatgagaagg tttctgcagg taatggtggc 1680
 agcagcctctt cttacacaaa cccagcagtgcagccactt ctgccaactt gtgataa 1737

<210> 12
 <211> 4905
 <212> DNA
 <213> human

<400> 12
 ccaggaagct cctctgtgtc ctcataaaacc ctaacctcct ctacttgaga ggacattcca 60
 atcataggct gcccattccac cctctgtgtc ctcctgttaa ttaggtcact taacaaaaag 120
 gaaattgggt agggggtttt cacagaccgc tttctaaggg taattttaaa atatctggg 180
 agtccccctcc actgctgtgt tccagaagtg ttggtaaaca gcccacaat gtcaacagca 240
 gaaacataca agctgtcagc tttgcacaag ggcacacac cctgctcatc aagaagcact 300
 gtggttgctg tgtagtaat gtgcaaaaca ggaggcacat tttcccccacc tggtaggtt 360
 ccaaaatatac tagtgttttc attttactt ggatcaggaa cccagcactc cactggataa 420
 gcattatcct tatccaaaac agccttgc tcaactgttca tctgctgact gtcaactgt 480
 gcatttttg gggttacagt ttgagcagga tatttggtcc tggtagttgc taacacaccc 540
 tgcagctcca aagggtcccc accaacagca aaaaaatgaa aatttgcaccc ttgaatggg 600
 ttccagcac cattttcatg agtttttg tccctgaat gcaagttaa catagcagtt 660
 accccaataa ctcagttttt aacagtaaca gcttcccaca tcaaaatatt tccacaggtt 720
 aagtccctcat ttaaattttagg caaaggaatt cttgaagacg aaaggccctc gtgatacgcc 780
 tattttata ggttaatgtc atgataataa tggtttctta gacgtcaggt ggcactttc 840
 ggggaaatgt gcgcggaacc cttttttttt tattttctta aatacattca aatatgtatc 900
 cgctcatgag acaataaccc tgataaatgc ttcaataata ttgaaaaagg aagagttatg 960
 gtattcaaca ttccctgtc gcccatttttgc cttttttgc ggcattttgc ctccctgttt 1020
 ttgctcaccc agaaacgctg gtgaaagtaa aagatgctga agatcagttt ggtgcacgag 1080
 tgggttacat cgaactggat ctcaacagcg gtaagatcct tggagttttt cggccggaaag 1140
 aacgtttcc aatgtatggc actttttaaag ttctgctatg tggcgccgtt ttatccgtt 1200
 ttgacgcccc gcaagagcaa ctcggcgcc gcatacacta ttctcagaat gacttgggtt 1260
 agtactcacc agtcacagaa aagcatctt cggatggcat gacagtaaga gaattatgca 1320
 gtgctgccat aaccatgagt gataacactg cggccaaactt acttctgaca acgatcggag 1380
 gaccgaagga gctaaccgct tttttgcaca acatggggga tcatgtaact cgccttgatc 1440
 gttgggaacc ggagctgaat gaagccatac caaaacgcga ggcgtacacc acgatgcctg 1500
 cagcaatggc aacaacgttg cggccaaactt taactggcga actacttact ctatccccc 1560
 gggcaacaatt aatagactgg atggaggccgg ataaagttgc aggaccactt ctgcgcctcg 1620
 cccttccggc tggctggttt attgctgata aatctggagc cgggtgagcgt gggtctcg 1680
 gtatcattgc agcactgggg ccagatggta agccctcccg tatcgtagttt atctacacga 1740
 cggggagtca ggcaactatg gatgaacgaa atagacagat cgctgagata ggtgcctcac 1800
 tgattaaagca ttggtaactg tcagaccaag tttactcata tataacttttag attgatttaa 1860
 aacttcattt ttaatttaaa aggatctagg tgaagatcct ttttgcataat ctcatgacca 1920
 aaatccctta acgtgagttt tcgttccact gagcgtcaga ccccgtagaa aagatcaaag 1980

gatcttcttg agatcctttt tttctgcgcg taatctgctg cttgcaaaaca aaaaaaccac 2040
cgctaccagc ggtgggttgc ttgccggatc aagagctacc aactctttt ccgaaggtaa 2100
ctggcttcag cagagcgcag ataccaaata ctgtccttct agttagccg tagttaggcc 2160
accacttcaa gaactctgta gcacccgccta cataacctgc tctgctaattt ctgttaccag 2220
tggtctgc cagtggcgat aagtctgtc ttaccgggtt ggactcaaga cgatagttac 2280
cggtataaggc gcagcggctg ggctgaacgg ggggttcgtg cacacagccc agcttggagc 2340
gaacgaccta caccgaactg agataacctac agcgtgagct atgagaaaggc gccacgcttc 2400
ccgaaggggag aaaggcggac aggtatccgg taagcggcag ggctggaaaca ggagagcgc 2460
cgagggagct tccagggggaa aacgcctggat atctttatag tcctgtcggg ttcgcccacc 2520
tctgacttga gcgtcgttgc ttgtgtatgc cgtcaggggg gcggagccata tgaaaaaagc 2580
ccagcaacgc ggcctttta cggttcctgg cctttgctg gcctttgct cacatgttct 2640
ttcctgcgtt atccccgtat tctgtggata accgttattac cgcctttgag tgagctgata 2700
ccgctcgccg cagccgaacg accgagcgc a cgcgtcagt gagcggagaa gggaaagagc 2760
gcctgatgcg gtattttctc cttacgcattc tgcgtgtat ttcacaccgc atatggtgca 2820
ctctcgtac aatctgctct gatgccgcattt agttaagcca gtataacaatc aatattggcc 2880
attagccata ttatttcattt gttatatagc ataaatcaat attggctatt gcccattgca 2940
tacgttgcattt ccatatcata atatgtacat ttatattggc tcatgtccaa cattaccgc 3000
atgttgcacat tgattattga ctatgttattt atagtaatca attacggggtt cattagttca 3060
tagccccat atggagttcc gcgttacata acttacggta aatggccgc ctggctgacc 3120
gccccaaacgac cccccccat tgacgtcaat aatgacgtat gttcccatag taacgccaat 3180
agggactttc cattgacgtc aatgggtgga gtatattacgg taaactgccc acttggcagt 3240
acatcaagtgt tatcatatgc caagtacgcc ccctatttgcgt gtcaatgcg gtaaatggcc 3300
cgccctggcat tatgcccagt acatgacccattt atgggacttt cctacttggc agtacatctt 3360
cgtatttagtc atcgcttattt ccatgggtat gcgggtttgg cagtagatca atggcgtgg 3420
atagcggtttt gactcacggg gatttccaag tctccacccc attgacgtca atgggagttt 3480
gttttggcac caaaatcaac gggactttcc aaaatgtcgt aacaactccg cccccattgac 3540
gcaaaatgggc ggttaggcgtg tacgggtggaa ggtctatata agcagagctc gtttagtgaa 3600
ccgtcagatc gcctggagac gccatccacg ctgttttgcgt ctccatagaa gacaccggga 3660
ccgatccagc ctccgcggcc gggaaacgggtg catttggacgc cggatttttttgcgt gttccat 3720
agtttgcata gaaccggggaa gagcttgcata gaacttccagg gtgagtttgg ggacccttgc 3780
tttgcata ttgttgcata ttgtaaaattt catgttatattt ggagggggca aagttttcag 3840
gggtttttt agaatggaa gatgtccctt gtatcaccat ggaccctcat gataatttttgc 3900
tttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata 3960
ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata 4020
ttatgttgcata gattgttaatg acttttgcata atcactttt ttcaaggca atcagggtat 4080
attatattgtt acttcagcac agtttttagag aacaatttgcgtt ataaatttttgcgtt gataaggtag 4140
aatatttgcata catataaattt ctggctggcg tggaaatattt cttatttgcata gaaacaacta 4200
catcctggtc atcatcctgc ttctctctt atggttacaa tgatatacac ttgttgcgtt 4260
gaggataaaa tactctgagt ccaaaccggg cccctctgcgt aaccatgttc atgccttctt 4320
cttttcctt cagcttgcgtt gcaacgtgtt ggttgcgtt ctgtctcatc attttggca 4380
agaatttgcata cctcagggtgc aggctgcata tcagaagggtg gtggctgggtg tggccatgc 4440
cctggctcac aaataccact gagatctttt tccctctgcctt aaaaattatg ggacatcat 4500
gaagccctt gagcatctga ttctggctt ataaaggaaa ttatatttgcata ttgttgcata 4560
gtgttggaaat ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata ttgttgcata 4620
acatcagaat gaggatattttt gtttagagttt ggcaacatattt gccatatgcgtt ggctggccatg 4680
aacaaagggtg gctataaaga ggtcatcgtt atatgaaaca gccccctgcgtt gtccatttgc 4740
tattccatag aaaagcccttgcgtt acttgcgtt agattttttt tatatttttgcgtt ttgttgcata 4800
tttttgcata aacatcccttgcata aaatttttgcctt tacatgttttgcgtt actagccaga ttgttgcata 4860

tctcctgact actcccaagtc atagctgtcc ctcttctctg gatcc 4905

<210> 13
<211> 31
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 13
gatcgatcc acaggttctg gtcatgcaag c 31

<210> 14
<211> 41
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 14
gatctctaga aagcttatca acctgaagct ggttccgtgg c 41

<210> 15
<211> 36
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 15
gatcgatcc gtgcccagct ctactgagaa gaatgc 36

<210> 16
<211> 49
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 16

gatctctaga aagcttatca gctggaaatt gagaatggag tgctcttgc

49

<210> 17

<211> 40

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 17

gatcgatcc ggctcagctt ctactctggc gcacaacggc

40

<210> 18

<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 18

gatctctaga aagcttatca caaggcaatg agatagacaa tggcc

45

<210> 19

<211> 38

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 19

gatcgatcc ctggcgctgg tctgtgttct ggttgcg

38

<210> 20

<211> 41

<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 20
gatctctaga aagcttatca caagttggca gaagtggctg c 41

<210> 21
<211> 34
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 21
gatctctaga atgacaggtt ctggtcatgc aagc 34

<210> 22
<211> 39
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 22
gatctctaga atggtgccca gctctactga gaagaatgc 39

<210> 23
<211> 43
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 23
gatctctaga atgggcttag cttctactct ggtgcacaac ggc 43

<210> 24
<211> 41
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 24
gatctctaga atgctggtgc tggctctgtgt tctggttgcg c

41

<210> 25
<211> 26
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 25
ggcgggtggag cccggggctg gcttgt

26

<210> 26
<211> 22
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 26
aacctgaagc tggttccgtg gc

22

<210> 27
<211> 26
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic

oligonucleotide

<400> 27

tgccccagct ctactgagaa gaatgc

26

<210> 28

<211> 29

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 28

gctgggaatt gagaatggag tgctcttgc

29

<210> 29

<211> 30

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 29

ggctcagtt ctactctggc gcacaacggc

30

<210> 30

<211> 25

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 30

caaggcaatg agatagacaa tggcc

25

<210> 31

<211> 27

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 31

ctggtgctgg tctgtgttct ggttgcg

27

<210> 32

<211> 40

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 32

gatctctaga atgcagatct tcgtgaagac cctgactgg

40

<210> 33

<211> 68

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 33

tcaccagcga gacgggcaac agccatgcac cactaccgtg cctcccacct ctgagacgga 60
gcaccagg 68

<210> 34

<211> 66

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 34

ccccgtctc agaggtggga ggcacggtag tggtgcatgg ctgttgcccg tctcgctgg 60

gaaaag

66

<210> 35
<211> 35
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: synthetic
oligonucleotide

<400> 35
gatcggatcc tcgggaaacc tgtcgtgcc a gctgc 35